Indira Gandhi Delhi Technical University for Women

(Established by Govt. of Delhi vide Act 09 of 2012)

Kashmere Gate, Delhi–110006

Scheme of Examination

&

Detailed Syllabus (w.e.f. Academic Year 2019-2020 onwards)

for

Bachelor of Technology (Information Technology)



Department of Information Technology

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

PO1. Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2. Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3. Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5. Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6. The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8. Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9. Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO11. Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Programme Specific Outcomes: Department of Information Technology

PSO1.The graduates shall have a scientific outlook with a wide spectrum fundamental knowledge of applied mathematics, basic engineering principles of physics and mechanics and their application as problem solving skills in the designing software applications.

PSO2.With a B.Tech degree in the field of Information Technology, graduates will be able to analyze and recommend the appropriate IT infrastructure needed to implement the project in the field of software application development. The graduates shall have thorough knowledge in design, develop, and testing the software systems to provide solutions to real-world problems.

PSO3.The graduates shall have demonstrable interpersonal and social communication skills along with team building, interpersonal relationship, group discussion, current affairs etc.

PSO4.The Graduates of Information technology will be able to use and implement core Information Technology concepts like human-computer interaction, information management, programming, and networking. The graduates of information technology can effectively integrate IT-based solutions into user-based environment.

| S. No. | Subject Code | Subject | L-T-P | Credits | Category |
|--------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---------|----------|
| 1. | BCS-201 | Data Structures | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 2. | BIT-201 | Database Management Systems | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 3. | BCS-203 | Discrete Structures | 3-1-0 | 4 | DCC |
| 4. | BIT-203 | Software Engineering | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 5. | GEC-201 | Generic Open Elective | 0-2-0 | 2 | GEC |
| | | | 0-0-4 | | |
| | | | 2-0-0 | | |
| 6. | BIT-253 | Industrial Training/Internship | - | 1 | DCC |
| 7. | BAS-201 | Material Science and Engineering | 3-1-0 | 4 | OEC |
| | BAS-203 | Numerical Methods | 3-1-0 | | |
| | BEC-209 | Analog and Digital Electronics | 3-0-2 | | |
| | BMA-209 | Engineering Measurement and Metrology | 3-0-2 | | |
| | | Total | | 23 | |

THIRD SEMESTER

FOURTH SEMESTER

| S. No. | Subject Code | Subject | L-T-P | Credits | Category |
|--------|--------------------|--|----------------|---------|----------|
| 1. | BCS-202 | Computer Organization and Architecture | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 2. | BIT-202 | Operating System | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 3. | BCS-204 | Design and Analysis of Algorithms | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 4. | BIT-204 | Object Oriented Programming | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 5. | BAS-202 | Nanostructures & Materials in Engineering | 3-1-0 | 4 | OEC |
| | BAS-204 BAS-206 | Optical Engineering Optimization Techniques | 3-0-2 3-1-0 | | |
| | BEC-210 | Elements of Information Theory | 3-1-0 | | |
| | BMA-210 | Operations Management Engineering | 3-1-0 | | |
| 6. | HMC-202 | Disaster Management | 1-0-2 | 2 | HMC |
| | | Total | | 22 | |

FIFTH SEMESTER

| S. No. | Subject Code | Subject | L-T-P | Credits | Category |
|--------|--------------|---|-------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1. | BCS-301 | Artificial Intelligence | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 2. | BIT-301 | Data Communication and Computer Networks | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 3. | BAS-301 | Modeling and Simulation | 3-0-2 | 4 | BAS |
| 4. | BCS-303 | Theory of Computation | 3-1-0 | 4 | DCC |
| 5. | HMC-301 | Professional Ethics and Human Values | 3-0-0 | 3 | HMC |
| 6. | BIT-353 | Industrial Training/Internship | - | 1 | DCC |
| 7. | GEC-301 | Generic Open Elective Course | 0-2-0 0-0-4 2-0-0 | 2 | GEC |
| | | Total | | 22 | |

SIXTH SEMESTER

| S. No. | Subject Code | Subject | L-T-P | Credits | Category |
|--------|--|---|----------------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1. | BCS-302 | Wireless Networks | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 2. | BIT-304 | Cloud Computing | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 3. | BIT-306 | Data Mining and Machine Learning | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 4. | DEC-3xx | DepartmentalElectiveCourse-1 | 3-1-0 3-0-2 | 4 | DEC |
| 5. | DEC-3xx | DepartmentalElectiveCourse-2 | 3-1-0 3-0-2 | 4 | DEC |
| 6. | HMC-302 HMC-304 HMC-306 HMC 308 | Principles of Management Marketing Management Financial Management Human Resource Management | 2-0-0 2-0-0 2-0-0 2-0-0 | 2 | HMC |
| | | Total | | 22 | |

List of Departmental Elective Courses (approved)

| Category | Course | Subject | Credits |
|------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|
| | Code | | |
| | BIT-308 | Advanced-Data Structure and Algorithm | 3-0-2 |
| Departmental | BIT-310 | Internet of Things | 3-0-2 |
| ElectiveCourse-1 | BIT-312 | Advanced Database Management Systems | 3-0-2 |
| | BCS-314 | Computer Graphics | 3-0-2 |
| | BIT-314 | Enterprise Java Programming | 3-0-2 |
| Departmental | BCS-306 | Compiler Design | 3-1-0 |
| ElectiveCourse-2 | BIT-316 | Computer Vision | 3-0-2 |
| | BIT-318 | Swarm and Evolutionary Optimization | 3-0-2 |

SEVENTH SEMESTER

| S. No. | Subject Code | Subject | L-T- P | Credits | Category |
|--------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------|----------|
| 1. | BIT-401 | Mobile Computing | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 2. | BIT-403 | Software Testing | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 3. | DEC-4xx | DepartmentalElectiveCourse-3 | 3-1-0 3-0-2 | 4 | DEC |
| 4. | DEC-4xx | DepartmentalElectiveCourse-4 | 3-1-0 3-0-2 | 4 | DEC |
| 5. | BIT-451 | Minor Project | 0-0-8 | 4 | DCC |
| 6. | BIT-453 | Industrial Training/Internship | - | 1 | DCC |
| | | Total | | 21 | |

EIGHTH SEMESTER

| S. No. | Subject | Subject | L-T-P | Credits | Category |
|--------|---------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|----------|
| | Code | | | | |
| 1. | BIT-402 | Information and Network Security | 3-0-2 | 4 | DCC |
| 2. | DEC-4xx | Departmental Elective Course-5 | 3-0-2 | 4 | DEC |
| 3. | DEC-4xx | Departmental Elective Course-6 | 3-1-0 3-0-2 | 4 | DEC |
| 4. | BIT-452 | Major Project | 0-0-16 | 8 | DCC |
| 5. | GEC-402 | Generic Open Elective | 0-2-0 0-0-4 2-0-0 | 2 | GEC |
| | | Total | | 22 | |

List of Departmental Elective Courses

| Category | Course Code | Subject | Credits |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Departmental Elective Course-3 | BIT-405 BIT-407 BEC-409 BIT-409 | Soft Computing Big Data Analytics Digital Image Processing Distributed Systems | 3-0-2 3-0-2 3-0-2 3-0-2 |
| Departmental Elective Course-4 | BIT -413 BIT -415 BIT -417 BIT -419 | Software Project Management Advanced Operating System E- Commerce Cyber Security and Forensics | 3-1-0 3-1-0 3-1-0 3-0-2 |
| Departmental Elective Course-5 | BIT -404 BCS -406 BIT -406 BIT- 408 | Requirement Estimation Theory Natural Language Processing Information Retrieval Neural Networks and Deep Learning | 3-1-0 3-0-2 3-0-2 3-0-2 |
| Departmental Elective Course-6 | BIT -410 BCS -410 BIT -412 BCS- 412 | Cryptography Quantum Computing Advance Software Engineering Computational Optimization Techniques | 3-1-0 3-1-0 3-0-2 3-1-2 |

| Data Structures | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Course Code: BCS-201 | Credits: 4 | | | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 3 | | | |
| Course Category: DCC | | | | |

This course introduces about data structures and their useful applications in Information Technology. It deals with all aspects of Data structures like static and dynamic data structure and how to choose a particular data structure for any specific problem.

Course Objectives:

- To impart the basic concepts of data structures and algorithms
- To understand concepts about searching and sorting techniques
- To Understand basic concepts about stacks, queues, lists, trees and graphs
- To understanding about writing algorithms and step by step approach in solving problems with the help of fundamental data structures.

Pre-requisite: Fundamentals of Programming

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course, the students will be able:

CO1: To explain the concept of time and space complexity of the algorithm.

- **CO2**: To understand the use of fundamental data structures and algorithm appropriately to solve a number of computational problems.
- CO3: To apply various algorithms to solve the problems of searching and of data.

CO4: To design programs using a variety of data structures such as stacks, queues, hash tables binary trees, search trees, heaps, graphs, and B-trees.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations, and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the subject. The use of ICT and web-based sources will be adopted.

| UNIT-I 10 | 0 Hours |
|---|---|
| Introduction: Introduction to Algorithmic, Complexity- Time-Space Trade off. Introduction data types, design, implementation and applications. Introduction to List data structure. A Strings: Representation of Arrays in Memory: one dimensional, two dimensional, Accessing of elements of array, performing operations like Insertion, Deletion and Searching. Sorting elements of arrays. String Operations. | on to abstract Arrays and sional and Strings and |
| UNIT-II 10 | 0 Hours |
| Stacks and Queues: Introduction to data structures like Stacks and Queues. Operations of Queues, Array representation of Stacks, Applications of Stacks: recursion, Polish expression compilation conversion of infix expression to prefix and postfix expression, Operations Representations of Queues Applications of Queues, Priority queues. Linked Lists: Singly linked lists, Representation of linked list, Operations of Linked Traversing, Insertion and Deletion, Searching, Applications of Linked List. Concepts of Circular linked list and Doubly linked list and their Applications. Stacks and Queues as linked list. | n Stacks and ion and their s of Queues, d list such as |
| UNIT-III 1 | 2 Hours |
| Trees, Complete Binary trees, Extended binary trees. General trees, AVL trees, Threaded trees Searching and Sorting: Linear Search, Binary search, Interpolation Search, InsertionSort, sort, Merge sort, Heap sort, sorting on different keys, External sorting. | rees, B- trees. t, Quick |
| UNIT-IV 10 | 0 Hours |
| Graphs: Terminology and Representations, Graphs & Multi-graphs, Directed Graphs, Rep of graphs and their Transversal, Spanning trees, shortest path and Transitive Closure, Activit Topological Sort and Critical Paths. File Structure: File Organization, Indexing & Hashing, Hash Functions, Collision Techniques. | presentation ity Networks, n Resolution |
| Text Books | |
| 1 Horowitz, Sahni, and Anreson, "Fundamentals of Data structures in C", Universities Latest Edition. | Press, 2008 / |
| 2 Tannenbaum, "Data Structures", Pearson Education India, Latest Edition, 2007 | |
| 3 Richard F. Gilberg, Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach w Latest Edition. | with C", 2004/ |
| Reference Books | |
| 1 R.L. Kruse, B.P. Leary, C.L. Tondo, "Data structure and program design in C", PHI Edition. | I, 2009/Latest |
| 2 Seymour Lipschutz Saucham's series, "Data Structures", Mc-Graw Hill Publication. Edition. | , 2018/Latest |

| Database Management Systems | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course Code: BIT-201 | Credits: 4 | | | | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 3 | | | | |
| Course Category: DCC | | | | | |

Database Management System (DBMS) is used for creating and managing the databases. The main aim of a DBMS is to supply a way to store-up and retrieve the desired database information as per the application requirement, which is both convenient and efficient.

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the concepts of database management systems
- To design relational databases by applying normalization techniques to normalize the database
- Strong practice in SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Understand the needs of database processing and learn techniques for controlling the consequences of concurrent data access.

Pre-requisites: Basic concepts of set theory

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course, the students will be able:

CO1: To have a high-level understanding of major DBMS components and their function.CO2: To model an application's data requirements using conceptual modeling tools like ER diagrams and design database schemas based on the conceptual model.

CO3: To write SQL commands to create tables and indexes, insert/update/delete data, and query data in a relational DBMS

CO4: To understand the concept of Transaction, concurrency, and Query processing.

Pedagogy:

Lecture delivery via discussions, whiteboard, slideshows, online learning material, Lab work with exercises on SQL.

| UNIT-I | 10 Hours |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Overview of Concepts and Conceptual Database Design: Database Administrator and | Database Users, |
| Characteristics of the Database, Database Systems, Concepts and Architecture, Data Mo | odels, Schemes & |
| Instances, DBMS Architecture & Data Independence, Database Languages & Interfac | ces, Overview of |
| Hierarchical, Network & Relational Data Base Management Systems, Data Modelin | ng using Entity- |
| Relationship Model, Strong and Weak Entity Sets, Generalization, Specialization, and A | ggregation. |
| UNIT-II | 10 Hours |
| Relational Model, Languages & Systems: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Mo | odel Constraints, |
| Translating your ER Model into Relational Model, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus | (Tuple Calculus) |
| SQL: A Relational Database Language, Data Definiton in SQL, View and Queries in S | SQL, Specifying |
| Constraints and Indexes in SQL, Practicing SQL commands. | |
| UNIT-III | 12 Hours |
| Relational Data Base Design: Functional Dependencies & Normalization for Relati | onal Databases, |
| Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, 4NF, 5NF), Lo | ssless Join and |
| Dependency Preserving Decomposition, Multivalued Dependency, Join dependence | cy. Transaction |
| Management: Transaction Concept and State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability | y, Serializability, |
| Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation | |
| UNIT-IV | 10 Hours |
| Concurrency Control: Lock-Based Protocols, Timestamp-based Protocols, Deadlock Han | dling, Recovery |
| System, Failure Classification, Storage Structure, Recovery and Atomicity, Log-based F | Recovery. Query |
| Processing: Query Processing Overview, Measures of Query Cost. Framework of Distril | buted Data Base |
| Management Systems, Introduction to Enhanced Databases: Multimedia Databases, | Object Oriented |
| Databases, Mobile Databases. | |
| Text Books | |
| 1 Elmasri Ramez and Navathe Shamkant, Fundamentals of Database System, Pearson, 6t | th Ed. (June 2017) |
| 2 Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, Database Management Systems, McGraw- | -Hill, 3 rd Ed., |
| 2003/Latest Edition. | |
| 3 Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, | McGraw Hill, 6th |
| Ed//Latest Edition. | |
| Reference Books | |
| 1 Ceri and Pelagatti, Distributed Databases: Principles & Systems, McGraw-Hill, 2017. | |
| 2 Conolly & Begg. Database Management Systems, Pearson Education Asia, 5th Edition | , 2010 |

| Discrete Structures | |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Course Code: BCS-203 | Credits: 4 |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 3 |
| Course Category: DCC | |

Introduction: The discrete structures subject introduces Propositional logic, Sets, Relations, and Functions, Algebraic structures, Graphs and Trees required for building mathematical foundation of computer science.

Course Objectives:

- To introduce and understand the fundamental notions in discrete mathematics.
- To understand basic concept of an algorithm and its application in combinatorial Mathematics.
- To introduce the basic properties of graphs and trees and model simple applications.
- To learn concepts of discrete mathematics.

<u>Pre-requisites:</u> Basic concepts of set theory.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course, the students will be able:

- **CO1:** To convert a logic sentence in terms of predicates, quantifiers, and logical connectives and its validation.
- **CO2:** Able to use logical notations to define and reason about fundamental mathematical concepts such as sets relations, functions and combinatorics.
- **CO3:** Able to use logical notations to define and reason about fundamental mathematical concepts of abstract algebra.
- CO4: Apply algorithms and use of graphs and trees as tools to analyse and simplify Problems

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations, and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the subject. The use of ICT and web-based sources will be adopted.

| | 10 Hours |
|---|-----------------|
| able and unsatisfiable formulas, Mathematic | cal reasoning, |
| implication and aquivalance truth table | a prodicator |

Propositional logic: Syntax, semantics, valid, satisfia soning, propositions, negation disjunction and conjunction, implication and equivalence, truth tables, predicates quantifiers, natural deduction, rules of Inference

Methods of proofs: Forward proof, proof by contradiction, contra positive proofs, proof of necessity and sufficiency.

| UNIT-II | 10 Hours | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|
| Sets, relations and functions: Operations on sets, relations, binary relations, partial ordering relations, | | | |
| equivalence relations and partitions, Partial orderings, Posets, Linear and well-ordered sets, | principles of | | |
| mathematical induction. Functions, mappings, injection and surjections, composition of funct | tions, inverse | | |
| functions, special functions; Peono postulates; pigeonhole principle; recursive function theory. | | | |
| Size of a set: Finite and infinite sets, countable and uncountable sets, Cantor's diagonalargumen | t and the | | |
| power set theorem, Schröder-Bernstein theorem. | | | |
| UNIT III | 12 Hours | | |
| Algebraic structures and Morphisms: | | | |
| Algebraic structures with one binary operation - semigroups, monoids and groups, subgrou | ps and their | | |
| properties, congruence relation and quotient structures. Free and cyclic monoids and groups, | permutation | | |
| groups, substructures, normal subgroups. | | | |
| Algebraic structures with two binary operations - rings, integral domains and fields. | | | |
| Boolean algebra and Boolean ring. | | | |
| UNIT IV | 10 Hours | | |
| Graphs and trees: Terminology, Graphs and their basic properties - degree, path, cycle, | | | |
| subgraphs, isomorphism, Eulerian and Hamiltonian walks, Graph coloring, planar graphs, directed graphs, tree | | | |
| terminology, tree traversals, spanning trees. | | | |
| Text Books | | | |

| Text | DOOKS | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Kenneth H Rosen (Editor-in-chief), Handbook of Discrete and Combinatorial | | |
| | Mathematics, CRC Press, 2000/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | C L Liu, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, McGraw-Hill/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | Bernard Kolman, Robert C Busby, and Sharon Cutler Ross, Discrete Mathematical | | |
| | Structures, Prentice-Hall of India/Latest Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | | |
| 1 | Ralph P Grimaldi, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics, Pearson Education Asia/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | Norman L Biggs, Discrete Mathematics, Oxford University Press/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | J P Tremblay and R Manohar, Discrete mathematical structures with applications to | | |
| | Computer Science, McGraw-Hill/Latest Edition. | | |

UNIT-I

| Software Engineering | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT-203 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 3 | |
| Course Category: DCC | | |

This course introduces students to the different software development lifecycle (SDLC) phases used in developing, delivering, and maintaining software products. Students will also acquire basic software development skills and understand common terminology used in the software engineering profession. The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for estimation, design, testing and quality management of software development projects.

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the concepts of software engineering, software processes and its models.
- To understand the software requirements analysis, transform the requirements using DFD, create software requirement specification document and validation of the software requirements.
- To understand fundamentals of software design, software quality and software maintenance.
- To understand the project planning process, size and cost estimation techniques further development of software.

Pre-requisites: Basic knowledge of Programming Languages.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course, the students will be able:

- **CO1:** To understand the concepts of Software engineering, Software process and its models.
- **CO2:** To evaluate the Software Requirements, interpret and structure the requirements in Software required document.
- **CO3:** To apply appropriate software architectures and patterns to carry out high level design of a system and be able to critically compare alternative choices, evaluate the quality and maintenance of the software through software testing.
- **CO4:** To create the software project plan for size and cost estimation including risk analysis.

Pedagogy:

This course is structured around continuous progress. It will include a combination of lectures, and group activities focused on experiential learning, in-class discussions, regular assessments and case studies. The topics will be presented to students using real-world scenarios and problem-solving activities.

| UNIT-I | 10 Hours | |
|---|--|--|
| Introduction: Introduction of Software (SW), Type of Software, SW Components: Process, | | |
| People, Project, Product, Software crisis, Software Process Models: Details of Peop | ple involved in | |
| each Process, SDLC methods/models: Build & Fix, Waterfall, Prototype (Evolution | nary & Throw- | |
| away), Iterative, Incremental iterative, Spiral, RAD, Agile methodology. | | |
| UNIT-II | 11 Hours | |
| Requirement Analysis & Specifications: Requirement Analysis, Requirement | Specification, | |
| Approaches to Requirement analysis, Specifying Behavioral & Non-Behavioral | Requirements, | |
| SRS Components & various Users of SRS. Introduction of Requirement Specifica | tion: Dataflow | |
| (DF) Diagram, Data dictionaries, Entity-Relationship (ER) diagram, Object | Diagram etc., | |
| Kequirement vandation. | | |
| UNIT-III | 11 Hours | |
| Software Design and Testing: Design Architecture and Patterns, Modularity, Fur | nction oriented | |
| design, Object Oriented Design, Software Testing: Software Testing Strategy an | d Techniques, | |
| Functional testing, Structural testing, Debugging and testing tools, SW/HW reliabil | ity, Reliability | |
| concepts and models, Reliability allocation, Software Maintenance: Introdu | iction to SW | |
| Maintenance and types, SW Maintenance models: Re-engineering & Forward En | gineering. | |
| UNIT-IV | 10 Hours | |
| Software Project Planning: Role of Software Project Planning, Estimation method | l, Estimation of | |
| Effort & Schedule, Software Metrics: Introduction to Size metrics, Data stru | cture metrics, | |
| information flow metrics, entropy-based measures, metric analysis. Basic COCOMO | D, Intermediate | |
| COCOMO, Detailed COCOMO, Quality Planning, Planning Parameter, Quality De | efect Removal | |
| Cycle, Role of Risk Analysis. | | |
| Text Books | | |
| R.S.Pressman, "Software Engineering–A Practitioner's Approach", McG | | |
| ¹ 8 th Edition, 2019 / Latest Edition | iraw Hill. | |
| K K A generual V Singh "Software Engineering" New Aco International Ltd 2 | iraw Hill, | |
| 1.2 K.K.Aggarwai, L.Singh, Software Engineering, NewAge International Ltd, 5 | iraw Hill, rd Edition, | |
| 2 [2 2008/ Latest Edition. | braw Hill, rd Edition, | |
| 2 2008/ Latest Edition. Reference Books | iraw Hill, rd Edition, | |
| 2 K.K.Aggarwar, T.Singh, Software Engineering , NewAge International Etd, S 2008/ Latest Edition. 1 1 I. Sommerville, "Software Engineering," Pearson, 10th Edition, 2017/ Latest | raw Hill, rd Edition, st Edition. | |
| 2 R.K.Aggarwar, T.Shigh, Software Engineering , NewAge International Etd, S 2008/ Latest Edition. Reference Books I. Sommerville, "Software Engineering," Pearson, 10th Edition, 2017/ Latest P. Jalote, "Software Engineering: A precise approach", Wiley Publications, Edition | araw Hill, ard Edition, at Edition. dition, 2010/ | |

| Generic Open Elective Course | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: GEC-201 | Credits: 2 | |
| Contact Hours: L-0 T-0 P-4 | Semester: 3 | |
| L-0 T-2 P-0 | | |
| L-2 T-0 P-0 | | |
| Course Category: GEC | | |

A Generic Elective (GE) course is an inter-disciplinary course provided to the students chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject and allowing them a chance at comprehensive education. GEs are introduced as part of the CBCS. The students can choose their preference from a pool of courses from various disciplines/subjects. Elective courses do much more than filling in the gaps to fulfill the high school graduation requirements. It gives a chance to explore new options, allowing students to study more about the subject they are passionate about, and enables them to 'test drive' new activities. They provide students with the necessary skills to improve creativity that they might not find in the classroom. The main purpose of the elective course is to seek exposure to a new discipline/subject and to provide the students with an alternative option for desired fields.

Course objectives:

- Students will have exposure to a new discipline/subject.
- Prepare students to look for inter-disciplinary research.
- Fulfill the limitation to pursue master's study in desired field.
- Help discover new things that never existed and might change the course of student's life.

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of the selected domain of elective course

Course Outcomes: After completion of the elective course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Identify new discipline and learn new subject for future careers.

CO2: Apply their knowledge to understand and solve the real-life problems.

- **CO3:** Analyze creative design process through the integration and application of diverse technical knowledge and expertise to address social issues.
- **CO4:** Develop the habit of working independently to attain self-motivation, discipline, and confidence to achieve their goals.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped class room teaching.

| Industrial Training/Internship | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT253 | Credits: 1 | |
| Course Category: DCC | Semester: 3 | |

Course Objectives:

Students will carry on the industrial training/internship for at least six weeks in the summer break of previous academic session. The idea of the training is to make them capable of handling the implementation of their theoretical knowledge in the practical field. To facilitate the development of a holistic perspective among students towards life, industry experts teach advanced technologies. Through Industrial training, students get familiarize with the environment of an organization and a company. Students get a certificate which validates their skills and helps them in getting a job quickly. The assessment for the same will be done within the first two weeks of opening of academic session by the respective department.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the Organizational Structure of a company.

- **CO2:** Develop work habits and attitudes necessary for job success (technical competence, professional attitude, organization skills etc.)
- CO3: Develop written communication and technical report writing skills.
- **CO4:** Develop an awareness for the need and applications of standards in the industry.

| MATERIAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BAS-201 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 3 | |
| Course Category: OEC | | |

At the core of any technological advancement are the materials. Material Science and Engineering course give insight into importance of materials, their various classifications and physical properties. The course also provides an insight into various characterization techniques useful in studying the physical properties of materials.

Course Objectives:

- To provides an insight into the scope of Material Science and Engineering and classification of various Materials.
- To acquire basic understanding of the electronic, superconducting dielectric and magnetic properties of materials for technological applications.
- To familiarize with modern engineering materials and bio-materials in various applications.
- To develop an understanding of principles, working and applications of various material characterization techniques.

<u>Pre-requisites:</u> Basic understanding of Applied Physics Course.

Course Outcomes: After Studying this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand scope and importance of materials in technological development.
- CO2: Learn importance and utilization of various physical properties of materials in device applications.
- **CO3:** Enhance the knowledge of latest advancements in field of materials, Modern Engineering and Biomaterials.
- **CO4:** Learn the principles, working and applications of various material characterization techniques in studying the materials.

Pedagogy:

Apart from class room teaching, main focus is to enhance problem solving ability supported by weekly assignments and discussing individual's doubts.

| UNIT | Y-I | 4 Hours | |
|--|--|--------------------------|--|
| Intro | luction to materials: Importance of Material science and Engineering, Classificatio | n of Materials: | |
| Metall | ic, Ceramic, Polymeric, Electronic and Composite Materials. | | |
| UNIT | -П | 16 Hours | |
| PROF | PERTIES OF MATERIALS | | |
| Electr tempe | onic Materials: Fermi energy and Fermi–Dirac distribution function – Variation of rature in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Hall effect. | Fermi level with | |
| Super | conducting Materials: Normal and High temperature superconductivity, Applica | tions. Dielectric | |
| Mater | ials: Polarization mechanisms in dielectrics, Frequency and temperature dependence | e of polarization | |
| mecha | nism, Piezoelectric properties. | | |
| Magn | etic Materials: Types of Magnetism: Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Ferrom | agnetism, Anti- | |
| ferron materi | agnetism, Ferrimagnetism, Classification of magnetic materials based on spin, Hard a als, Spintronics (GMR). | nd soft magnetic | |
| UNIT | -Ш | 10 Hours | |
| MOD | ERN ENGINEERING AND BIOMATERIALS | | |
| Photo | nic Materials: LED - LCD - Photo conducting materials, Photo detectors, Photonic | c crystals and | |
| applic | ations. | | |
| Smart | t materials: – Shape memory alloys, Chromic materials (Thermo, Photo and Electro |),Composite | |
| Materi Bio m | als. | allova | |
| Polymeric implant materials. | | | |
| UNIT | -IV | 10 Hours | |
| MAT | TERIALS CHARACTERIZATION | | |
| Structural Analysis: X-ray diffraction, SEM, TEM, AFM- Principals, Instrumentations and applications. Optical Characterizations: UV-Vis, FTIR-Principals, Instrumentations and applications. Thermal Analytical Techniques: TGA, DTA, DSC-Principals, Instrumentations and applications. | | | |
| Text | Books | | |
| 1 | William D. Callister, Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction, 8 th Edition Wiley & Sons, 2010/Latest Edition. | on Edition, John | |
| 2 | Sam Zhang, Lin Li, Ashok Kumar, "Materials Characterization Techniques", 1 st Edition, CRC Press, 2008/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | T. Pradeep, "A Text Book of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", Tata | | |
| | McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012/Latest Edition. | | |
| Refe | rence Books | | |
| 1 | Elements of X-ray Diffraction, B. D. Cullity, S.R. Stock, 3rdEdition, Pearson, 200 | 1/Latest Edition. | |
| 2 | R. F. Egerton, Physical Principles of Electron Microscopy: An Introduction to TE | LM, | |
| | SEM, and AEM, 2 nd Edition, Springer, 2016/Latest Edition. | | |
| | | | |

| NUMERICAL METHODS | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BAS-203 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 3 | |
| Course Category: OEC | | |

Numerical Methods give insight into problems we cannot otherwise solve. These methods provide us the way to solve problem when exact methods fails or unable to produce the desirable results

Course Objectives:

- To motivate the students to understand and learn various numerical techniques to solve mathematical problems representing various engineering, physical and real life problems.
- To provide constructive methods for obtaining answers to such problem for which analytical methods fails to find solutions.

<u>Pre-requisites:</u> Calculus, Differential equations, some exposure to linear algebra (matrices)

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1**: Understand the errors, source of error and its effect on any numerical computations and also analysis the efficiency of any numerical algorithms.
- **CO2:** Learn how to obtain numerical solution of nonlinear equations using bisection, secant, Newton, and fixed-point iteration methods
- **CO3:** Solve system of linear equations numerically using direct and iterative methods.
- **CO4:** Understand how to approximate the functions using interpolating polynomials.
- **CO5:** Learn how to solve definite integrals and initial value problems numerically.

Pedagogy:

Apart from class room teaching, main focus is to enhance problem solving ability supported by weekly assignments and discussing individual's doubts.

| UNI | ۲ 1 | 10 Hours | |
|-------|--|---------------------|--|
| Float | ting-Point Numbers: Floating-point representation, rounding, chopping, | error analysis, - | |
| cond | conditioning and stability. | | |
| Non- | Linear Equations: Bisection, secant, fixed-point iteration, Newton method | d for simple and | |
| multi | ple roots, their convergence analysis and order of convergence. | | |
| TINIT | TT | 11 11 | |
| | | 11 Hours | |
| Line | ar Systems and Eigen-values: Gauss elimination method using pivoting | strategies, LU | |
| conv | argence, ill and well conditioned systems. Payleigh's nower method for ei | and under and under | |
| eigen | ergence, in and wen-conditioned systems, Rayleigh's power method for er | gen-values and | |
| eigen | | | |
| UNIT | -III | 11 Hours | |
| Inter | polation and Approximations: Finite differences, Newton's forward | and backward | |
| inter | polation, Lagrange and Newton's divided difference interpolation formu | las with error | |
| analy | sis, least square approximations. Numerical Integration: Newton-Cotes quad | lrature formulae | |
| (Trap | bezoidal and Simpson's rules) and their error analysis, GaussLegendre quad | rature formulae. | |
| | | | |
| UNIT | - IV | 10 Hours | |
| | | series Euler's | |
| and I | Runge- Kutta methods (up to fourth-order) system of first-order different | ial equations | |
| unu | Runge Runa methods (up to routar order), system of first order anterent | ui equations. | |
| Text | Books | | |
| 1 | Jain M.K., Ivengar, S.R.K., and Jain, R.K. Numerical Methods for Scier | ntific and | |
| | Engineering Computation, 6 th Edition, New Age Inte | rnational | |
| | Publication, 2012/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | Sastry S., Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, 5 th Edition, Pre- | ntice Hall | |
| | India Learning Private Limited; 2012/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | Conte, S.D and Carl D. Boor, Elementry Numerical Analysis: An Algorith | mic approach. | |
| | SIAM-Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 2017/Latest Editi | on. | |
| 4 | Grewal B. S. "Higher Engineering Mathematics" 1/1thEdition Khanna | Publishers | |
| | 2012/Latest Edition. | i i uonsneis, | |
| DC | | | |
| Refe | rence Books | | |
| 1 | Gerald C.F and Wheatley P.O., Applied Numerical Analysis, 8 th Edition | , Pearson | |
| - | Education, 2011/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | Chappra S.C., Numerical Methods for Engineers, 7 th Edition, McGraw- | Hill Higher | |
| | | | |

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Course Code: BEC - 209 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: OEC Credits: 4 Semester: 3

Introduction:

The course will introduce fundamental principles of analog and digital electronics. The course provides sufficient basic knowledge for the undergraduate to understand the design of diodes and transistor-based circuits, op-amps and their applications as well as the design of digital circuits.

Course Objective:

- Understand the design and analysis of various analog electronic circuits.
- Understand the fundamental concepts and techniques used in digital electronics.

Pre-requisite:

- Basic concept of circuit theory.
- Student should have the prior knowledge of semiconductor electronics.
- Basic concept of number system.

<u>Course Outcome</u>: After completion of the course, student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand basic electronic devices such as diodes, BJT & FET transistors
- **CO2:** Understand various applications of Op-Amp.
- **CO3:** Analyse logic processes and implement logical operations using combinational logic Circuits.

CO4: Design sequential circuits.

Pedagogy:

Class room teaching, problem solving approach, practical based learning, tutorials.

| UNIT | -I | 12 Hours | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Semiconductor diodes, Characteristics and operation, Applications of p-n junction diode. | | | |
| Bipo | Bipolar Junction Transistor: Construction and Operation, Common base (CB) | | |
| conf | iguration, Transistor amplifying action, Common emitter (CE) and | Common collector | |
| (CC) | configurations, definition of α and β , saturation, regions of operation | ion of transistor, | |
| biasi | ng methods. | | |
| Ampl | ifiers: CE, CC, CE amplifier circuits and their comparisons, RC | C coupled amplifier, | |
| Frequ | ency response, Gain-bandwidth, and Darlington pair, Class B push | pull amplifier. | |
| Feedb | back: Concept of negative & positive feedback and their relations | ative advantages & | |
| | antages, Sinusoidal oscillators. | 10 Hound | |
| UNII | -11 Effect Transistory Introduction IEET characteristics Depleti | 10 Hours | |
| Field MOS | Effect Iransistor: Introduction, JFE1 characteristics, Depieto | on & ennancement | |
| inve | ting amplifier Differential amplifier Adder & Subtractor Integr | ip, inverting & non- | |
| Inver | umentation amplifier Schmitt trigger Astable multivibrator | | |
| TINIT | | 10 Hours | |
| | -111 | | |
| functions, Don't care conditions, X-OR & X-NOR simplification of K-maps. Combinational circuits: Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Decoders & Encoders, Adders & Subtractor, Code converters, Comparators, Decoder/drivers for display devices, A/D and D/A converters. | | | |
| UNIT-IV 10 Hours | | | |
| Flip | Flops: S-R, J-K, D & T Flip-flops, Excitation table of a flip-flop, Ra | ce around condition | |
| Sequential circuits: Shift registers, Ripple counter, Design of synchronous counters and | | | |
| Sequence detectors, Sequence generators | | | |
| Text | Books | | |
| 1 | Morris Mano, "Digital Design", PHI, 5th edition, 2013/Latest Editi | on. | |
| 2 | Millman and Halkias, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" TMH, 4th | Edition, 2015/Latest | |
| | Edition. | | |
| 3 | 3 Salivahanan, Suresh Kumar, Vallavaraj, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" TMH, | | |
| | 4 th Edition, 2016/Latest Edition. | | |
| Refe | rence Books | | |
| 1 | 1 Balbir Kumar and S. B. Jain, "Electronic Devices and Circuits" PHI, 2 nd Edition | | |
| | 2014/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | R.P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", TMH, 4th Editon, 2010/I | Latest Edition. | |
| 3 | Roy Choudhury and Jain, "Linear Integrated Circuits", New Age Pu | blishers, 4 th Edition, | |
| | 2017/Latest Edition. | | |

| ENGINEERING MEASUREMENT AND METROLOGY | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BMA-209 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 3 | |
| Course Category: OEC | | |

Introduction: This is a basic introductory course on measurement and metrology to be used in industry. A course on how to adopt and apply various methods of measurement. It enlightens the students about the various errors, calibration, sensors, accuracy of measurements thus to help in standardizing the methods.

Course Objectives:

- To enlighten the students on measurement process and why it is so important.
- The course aims to explain the students that in what best way to do measurement and develop standardization of measuring method.
- The students are to be provided hands on practical exposure on topics covered in the course.

Pre-requisites: NIL

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> Having successfully completed this course, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand Measurement Process and various techniques
- **CO2:** Understand sensors and Transducer.
- CO3: Understand measurement instrument capabilities
- CO4: Understand Statically control techniques
- **CO5:** The practical sessions will improve visualization of the concepts taught in theory.

Pedagogy:

Classroom teaching is supported by White board, black board, chalks, markers, projector and screen. The hand written notes, PowerPoint slides and assignments will be provided to the students and also mailed to them. The students can also raise their issues related to the course in the class and mail.

| UNIT I | 11 Hours | |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Introduction: Introduction to measurement and measuring instrum | ient generalized | |
| measuring system and functional elements units of measurement static and dy | namic performance | |
| characteristics of measurement devices, calibration concept of error. Types a | nd sources of error. | |
| statistical analysis of errors Sensors and Transducers. Types of sensors type | s of transducers and | |
| their characteristics. Difference b/w Open loop and Closed loop measurem | vent system Signal | |
| conditioning unit indicating unit static characteristics i.e. accuracy pre | cision sensitivity | |
| resolution linearity Measurement of flow: Methods of flow measurement h | ot wire anemometer | |
| ultrasonic flow meter. | x whe unemonited, | |
| UNIT II | 11 Hours | |
| Measurement of pressure: Elastic and indirect type pressure transducers. Me | easurement of very | |
| low pressures. Strain measurement: Types of strain gauges and their work | king, temperature | |
| Compensation. Measurement of force and torque: Different types of I | load cells, elastic | |
| transducers, pneumatic and hydraulic systems. Temperature measuremen | t: Thermocouples, | |
| pyrometers. | 1 / | |
| UNIT III | 10 Hours | |
| Metrology and Inspection: Sources of error. Standards of linear measurer | nent. line and end | |
| standards, Limit fits and tolerances. Interchangeability and standardization. L | ength Standards: | |
| Line standards, end standards, transfer from line standards to end standards. N | umerical based on- | |
| line standards slip gauges $-$ its use and care methods of building different height | whits using different | |
| sets of slip gauges. Linear and angular measurements devices and systems Comparators: | | |
| Types of Gauges Limit Gauge Snan Gauge Receiving Gauge Taylor's P | rinciple of Gauge | |
| Design | interpre of Suuge | |
| | | |
| UNIT IV | 10 Hours | |
| Measurement of geometric forms like straightness, flatness, roundness, Tool r | nakers microscope, | |
| profile project autocollimator. Interferometry: principle and use of interfero | ometer, optical flat. | |
| Measurement of screw threads and gears. Surface texture: quantitative ev | aluation of surface | |
| roughness and its measurement, Comparators, Feature inspection Form Tolerance Inspection. | | |
| Tolerance Stack Analysis, Civilyi, working and reatures. | | |
| Text Books | | |
| 1. A.K. Tayal, "Instrumentation and Mechanical Measurement", Galgotia Pul | olications | |
| Pvt. Ltd., 2003/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2. T.G. Beckwith, R.D. Maragoni and J.H Lienhard, "Mechanical Measuremen | ts", Addison-Wesley, | |
| 1999/Latest Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | |
| 1. R.K. Jain, "Engineering Metrology", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2010/Lates | st Edition. | |
| 2. I.C. Gupta, "Engineering Metrology", Dhanpat Rai Publications, Delhi,20 | 11/Latest Edition. | |
| 3. F.W. Galyer& C.R. Shotbolt, "Metrology for Engineers", ELBS edition, 2 | JU09/Latest Edition. | |

| Computer Organization & Architecture | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Course Code: BCS- 202 | Credits: 4 |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 4 |
| Course Category: DCC | |

In order to achieve complete understandings of computer systems, it is always important to consider both hardware and software design of various computer components. In other words, every functionality of the computer has to be studied to increase the performance of the computer. Computer organization and architecture mainly focuses on various parts of the computer in order to reduce the execution time of the program, improve the performance of each part.

Course Objective:

- Understand the basics of computer organization: structure and operation of computers and their peripherals.
- Understand basic processing unit and organization of simple processor.
- Expose different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.
- Understand concept of pipelining and other large computing system.

Pre-requisite: Fundamentals of computers and digital logic.

Course Outcome:

- **CO1:** Ability to Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.
- CO2: Explain the instruction set, instruction formats and Addressing modes of CPU
- **CO3:** Ability to Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers and perform Basic arithmetic Operations.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze memory hierarchy and its impact on computer Cost/performance.

Pedagogy:

Classroom teaching which focuses on developing understanding of students to digest the concepts of subject with large number of examples.

| | 10 Hours | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| | 12 Hours | |
| Digital Logic Circuit: Basic Logic functions, Synthesis of logic functions using basic and | | |
| universal gates, Boolean Algebra Properties, Flip-Flops, Registers, Shift- Reg | isters, Counters, | |
| Decoders, Multiplexers, Functional Unit of computer system. Data Representa | tion: Data types, | |
| R & (R-1)'s Complements, Fixed-Point representation, Floating point representation | itation. Register | |
| Transfer and Micro operations: Register transfer language, register transfer, H | Bus and Memory | |
| transfer, Arithmetic Micro operations, Logic Micro operations, Shift Micro op | erations | |
| UNIT-II | 10 Hours | |
| | | |
| Basic Computer Organisation and Design: Instruction Codes, Computer Inst | ructions, Timing | |
| and Control, Instruction Cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input-Output | t and Interrupt. | |
| Micro programmed Control: Control Memory. Central Processing Unit: Sta | ck Organization, | |
| Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes, Program Control, Reduced Instruction | n Set Computer: | |
| RISC characteristics, CISC characteristics. Performance and Metrics. | | |
| UNIT-III | 10 Hours | |
| Diversifying and Vector Decorring Decolor Decorring Diversion Arithm | 10 Hours | |
| Pipelining and Vector Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipelining, | | |
| Instruction Pipelining, RISC Pipelining, Vector Processing, Array Processors. Computer | | |
| Floating Doint Arithmetic Operations | on Algoriumis, | |
| Floating- Fount Anumetic Operations. | 10 Hours | |
| | 10 Hours | |
| Input-Output Organization: Peripheral Devices, Input-Output Interface, As | ynchronous data | |
| transfer, Modes of transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct Memory Access. Memor | y organization: | |
| Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary Memory, Associative Memory, | Cache Memory, | |
| Virtual Memory, Memory Management Hardware. | | |
| Text Books | | |
| 1 M. Morris Mano, "Computer System Architecture", PHI, 3rd Edition, 2016/ | Latest Edition. | |
| 2 Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, "Computer Organization", N | AcGraw Hill, 5 th | |
| Edition, 2012/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture", PHI, 11th ed. | ition, 2021/Latest | |
| Edition. | | |

| R | eference Books |
|----|---|
| 1. | John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, "Computer Architecture a quantitative approach", Elsevier, 6th Edition, 2019/Latest Edition. |
| 2. | A. Anandkumar, "Fundamentals of digital circuits", PHI, 4th edition, 2016/Latest Edition. |

| OPERATIN | IG SYSTEMS |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BIT-202 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DCC | Credits: 4 Semester: 4 |

This course will aim at introducing classical internal algorithms and structures of modem operating systems including CPU scheduling, memory management, and device management. Topics including file systems, virtual memory, disk request scheduling, concurrent processes, deadlocks, security, and integrity will be covered.

Course Objectives:

- To learn the fundamentals of Operating Systems & the mechanisms of OS to handle processes and their communication.
- To learn the mechanisms involved in memory management.
- To gain knowledge on OS architecture, mutual exclusion algorithms, deadlock detection algorithms etc.

Pre-requisite: Basic programming knowledge in C or C++.

<u>Course Outcome</u>: After studying this course, students will be able:

- **CO1:** To understand various types of OS, basic concepts, various functions of different OS, process management & CPU scheduling.
- **CO2:** To compare and contrast various memory management schemes like paging, segmentation and to apply different deadlock handling algorithms
- **CO3:** To implement different disk scheduling algorithms, to apply and use various process synchronization techniques and device management strategies.
- **CO4:** To analyse management of I/O and different file handling & directory implementation schemes OS.

Pedagogy:

The class will be taught using theory and tutorial-based methods which include board teaching and presentations/slides, discussions, brainstorming, case studies etc. Along with classroom teaching, students will also be given assignments regarding the topics covered.

| Introduction: Introduction to Operating System, Types of O.S: Simple Batch, Multi- programmed Batched, Time-Sharing, Personal-computer, Parallel, Distributed, Real-Time, Mobile Operating-System Structures: Layered Architecture, System Calls, System Programs, System Structure, Virtual Machine Processes: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, CooperatingProcesses, Inter-process Communication, Threads, Multithreaded Programming. CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling | | |
|---|--|--|
| Batched, Time-Sharing, Personal-computer, Parallel, Distributed, Real-Time, Mobile Operating-System Structures: Layered Architecture, System Calls, System Programs, System Structure, Virtual Machine Processes: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, CooperatingProcesses, Inter-process Communication, Threads, Multithreaded Programming. CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling. Real-Time Scheduling | | |
| Operating-System Structures: Layered Architecture, System Calls, System Programs, System Structure, Virtual Machine Processes: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, CooperatingProcesses, Inter-process Communication, Threads, Multithreaded Programming. CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling | | |
| Structure, Virtual Machine Processes: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, CooperatingProcesses, Inter-process Communication, Threads, Multithreaded Programming. CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling | | |
| Processes: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, CooperatingProcesses, Inter-process Communication, Threads, Multithreaded Programming. CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling | | |
| Inter-process Communication, Threads, Multithreaded Programming. CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling | | |
| CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple-Processor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling | | |
| Scheduling, Real-Lime Scheduling | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| UNIT-II 11 Hours | | |
| Process Synchronization: Background, Critical-Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, | | |
| Semaphores, Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors. | | |
| Memory Management: Background, Logical versus Physical Address space, Swapping, | | |
| Contiguous allocation, Fragmentation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging. Virtual | | |
| Memory: Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page-replacement Algorithms, Performance of | | |
| Demand Paging, Allocation of Frames, thrashing. | | |
| Deadlocks: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock | | |
| Prevention, Deadlock Avoluance, Deadlock Delection, Recovery from Deadlock | | |
| UNIT-III 10 Hours | | |
| Device Management: Techniques for Device Management, Dedicated Devices, SharedDevices, | | |
| Virtual Devices | | |
| Secondary-Storage Structure: Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management, Swap-Space | | |
| Management, Disk Reliability, Stable-Storage Implementation | | |
| UNIT-IV 10 Hours | | |
| Information Management: Introduction, Simple File System, General Model of a File System, | | |
| Symbolic File System, Basic File System, Access Control Verification, Logical File System, | | |
| Physical File System | | |
| riysical the System | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and Consistency Semantics. File-System Implementation : File-System Structure, Allocation Methods, | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and Consistency Semantics. File-System Implementation : File-System Structure, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery. | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and Consistency Semantics. File-System Implementation : File-System Structure, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery. | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and Consistency Semantics. File-System Implementation: File-System Structure, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery. Text Books | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and Consistency Semantics. File-System Implementation: File-System Structure, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery. Text Books 1 Silberschatz and Galvin, "Operating System Concepts", John Wiley, 9th Ed., 2016/Latest | | |
| File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, and Consistency Semantics. File-System Interface: File-System Implementation: File-System Structure, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management, Directory Implementation, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery. Text Books 1 Silberschatz and Galvin, "Operating System Concepts", John Wiley, 9th Ed., 2016/Latest Edition. 2 Madnick E, and Donovan L. "Operating Systems". McGraw Hill, 2017/Latest Edition. | | |

Course Code: BCS-204 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DCC Credits: 4 Semester: 4

Introduction:

This course deals with teaching different methodologies of designing algorithms. There are certain standard approaches of analyzing the algorithms. This course deals with all aspects of these analysis. It teaches the concepts of Dynamic programming, different approaches of algorithm design like Greedy approach etc.

Course Objectives:

- Introduction, learning and analysis of performances of algorithmic efficiency of approaches such as searching, sorting etc.
- Introduction, learning and analysis of greedy paradigms.
- Introduction, learning and analysis of dynamic programming and back tracking.
- Introduction, learning and analysis of computational complexity and branch & bound.

<u>Pre-requisites:</u> Data structures.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1**: Understand asymptotic complexities of the algorithms and design algorithms using Divide and apply different deadlock handling algorithms.
- **CO2:** Understand and apply greedy and dynamic programming approaches for designing algorithms.
- **CO3**: Understand, analyse and implement various graph algorithms and the backtracking approach of algorithm design.
- CO4: Understand and implement different string-matching algorithms and NP-Complete problems.

Pedagogy:

Classroom teaching which focuses on developing understanding of students to digest the concepts of subject with large number of examples.

| UNIT-I | | 10 Hours | |
|---|--|---------------|--|
| Algor | ithm definition and specification, analysis of algorithmic efficiency o | f algorithms | |
| Revie | Review of growth of function, space complexity, time complexity, | | |
| Recur | rences: Substitution method, Iteration method, Master method, Divide a | nd Conquer | |
| Appro | bach: merge Sort, quick sort, shell sort, heap sort, Simultaneous Max an | d Min | |
| Proble | em, Strassen's algorithm for matrix multiplications. | | |
| UNIT-I | I | 10 Hours | |
| Greed | dy Algorithms: Elements of Greedy strategy, knapsack problem, job se | quencing | |
| with d | leadlines, minimum spanning trees, Activity selection problem, Huffma | in Codes. | |
| Dyna | mic Programming: Elements of Dynamic Programming, Matrix Chain | | |
| Multip | plication, longest common subsequence and optimal binary search trees | problems. | |
| UNIT-I | П | 12 Hours | |
| Grap | h Algorithms: DFS, BFS, Topological Sort, Strongly Connected Compo | onents, | |
| Krusk | al's and Prim's algorithm for MST, Dijkstra's and Bellman Fort Algorit | hm, All pair | |
| shorte | est paths Algorithm. | | |
| Back | Tracking: General method, n-queen's problem, Branch and Bound: Gen | eral Method, | |
| 0/1 kr | napsack. | | |
| UNIT-I | V | 10 Hours | |
| String | g matching: Naïve String-Matching algorithm, Rabin-Karp Algorithm, S | tring | |
| Matching with finite automata, The Knuth-Morris Pratt algorithm. NP-Complete Problem: | | | |
| Polyn | omial time verification, NP-Completeness and Reducibility, NP-Complet | eness Proof, | |
| NP-Co | omplete problems. | | |
| Text | Books | | |
| 1 | T.H.Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L.Rivest, "Introduction to Algorithe Ed., PHI/Latest Edition. | ms", 3rd | |
| 2 | E. Horowitz, S. Sahni, and S. Rajsekaran, "Fundamentals of Computer | Algorithms," | |
| | 2nd Ed., Universities Press/Latest Edition. | _ | |
| 3 | P. H. Dave, H. B. Dave, "Design and Analysis of Algorithms", 2nd | Ed., Pearson | |
| | Education/Latest Edition. | | |
| Refer | ence Books | | |
| 1 | Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford Univ. Press/La | test Edition. | |
| 2 | Design and Analysis of algorithms, Aho, Ullman and Hopcroft, Pearso | n Education, | |
| 2 | 2000./Latest Edition. | an Iarra | |
| 3 | Foundations of Algorithms, K. Neapolitan and K. Naimipour, 4th editional Domination Student edition (Letest Edition) | ion, Jones | |
| | and Barueu Sudent edition/Latest Edition. | | |

| OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Course Code: BIT-204 | Credits: 4 |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 4 |
| Course Category: DCC | |

This course provides in-depth coverage of object-oriented programming principles and techniques. Topics include classes, objects, overloading, data abstraction, information hiding, encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, file processing, templates, exceptions, container classes etc. The course material embraces the C++ language standard/ Python with numerous examples demonstrating the benefits of C++/Python. In the end some basics of Java will be covered.

Course Objectives:

- To learn the syntax and semantics of the C++/java/python programming language.
- To understand object-oriented programming concepts, and apply them in solving problem
- To understand and design efficient programming.
- To demonstrate skills in writing programs using Java programming.

Pre-requisite: Basics of Programming language.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Understand fundamentals syntax and their use to develop Object Oriented
- CO2: Java/Python program to express proficiency and improve effective programming skills
- **CO3:** Understand commonly used operations for file system, exception handling and create namespace solutions.

CO4: Implement Java based program and make effective use of Tools

Pedagogy:

Emphasis on lab sessions where students will be given programming assignments to code in C++/Python/Java based on topics learnt in previous lectures.

| UNIT-1 10 Hours | | |
|---|--|--|
| Need for Object Oriented Programming, Comparison of Programming paradigms, Characteristics of Object-Oriented Programming Languages, Introduction to Object Oriented concepts (classes, objects, encapsulation, inheritance, data hiding, abstraction, polymorp hism), Fundamentals Data Types & Literals Variables, Arrays, Operators, Control of Flow in OOP, Compilation and Execution of Process, Reference vs. Pointer variable, Classes and Objects: class declaration, Role of private, public and protected access specifiers, Memory organization of class, inline function, friend function, static members, constructor and destructors, instantiation of objects, default parameter value, object types, garbage collection, dynamic | | |
| UNIT-II 11 Hours | | |
| Polymorphism: Function overloading, Constructor overloading, Compile time polymorphism, Overloading Rules, Operator Overloading (Unary and Binary) as member function/friend function. Inheritance, Types of Inheritance, Use of protected access specifier, Virtual base class, Ambiguity resolution using scope resolution operator and Virtual base class, Overriding inheritance methods, Constructors and Destructor in derived classes, Runtime polymorphism, Pointer to objects, Virtual Functions (concept of virtual table), pure virtual functions, Abstract Class. | | |
| UNIT-III 11 Hours | | |
| Manipulators, File I/O – Predefined classes, file opening & closing, file manipulation, read & write operations, sequential and random file access, Exception Handling : Basic mechanism, Throwing, Catching and Re-throwing. Namespace : Basic concept, role of scope resolution operator and using keyword, Introduction to Java- Overview and characteristics of Java, Data types, Organization of the Java Virtual Machine, Compilation and Execution Process in java | | |
| UNIT-IV 10 Hours | | |
| Java Classes : String and String Buffer classes, Wrapper classes, using super keyword, Multilevel hierarchy abstract and final classes, Object class, Packages and interfaces, Access protection, Exception Handling: Fundamentals exception types, uncaught exceptions, throw, throws, final, built in exception, creating your own exceptions, Multithreaded Programming: Fundamentals, Java thread model: priorities, synchronization, thread classes, Runnable interface, inter thread Communication, suspending, resuming and stopping threads. | | |
| Text Books | | |
| Herbert Schildt , "Java: The Complete Reference", 11th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2018/Latest Edition. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2018 /Latest Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | |
| 1 Mark Lutz, "Learning Python" 3 rd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 5 th Ed. 2017 /Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 Bjarne Stroustrup , "The C++ Programming Language", Pearson, 4 th Ed, 2009/Latest Edition. | | |

| Artificial Intelligence | |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BCS 301 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DCC | Credits: 4 Semester: 5 |

This course is an introduction to the basic Knowledge representation, problem solving and learning methods of artificial intelligence. After learning this course, the student should be able to understand the basic concepts of problem solving and learning in intelligent system engineering.

Course Objective:

- To Introduce the basic concepts of artificial intelligence, problem solving, knowledge representation and reasoning.
- To introduce the basic concepts of handling uncertainty.
- To help the students to applications of AI in different fields.

<u>Pre-requisite</u>: Discrete Mathematics, Programming Concepts.

<u>Course Outcome</u>: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Apply the concepts of artificial intelligence for real-world problem solving.CO2: Work in programming languages like Java or Python.CO3: Apply the concepts of handling uncertainty in various applications.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped class room teaching will be adopted.

| UI | NIT I | 10 hours | |
|--|--|------------|--|
| Introduction to AI: Brief introduction about Intelligent agents and Problem Solving. Turing Test. Uninformed Search Strategies, Informed Search Strategies, Heuristics. Solving problems by searching, BFS, DFS, Issues in design of Intelligent Search Algorithms. | | | |
| Uľ | NIT II | 10 hours | |
| Knowledge Representation: Knowledge Representation using predicate logic, Rule Based Systems, Ontology, WordNet and Concept Net as Knowledge representation tools. Programming with Python/Java. Text Feature Extraction - BoW Model, TF-IDF. Word Embeddings - Word2Vec, GloVe, stemming, lemmatization | | | |
| UI | NIT III | 12 hours | |
| Decision Making in Uncertainty: Handling Uncertainty, Probabilistic Reasoning, Fuzzy Logic, Learning by induction, Introduction to Neural Network Genetic Algorithms basics. Rough Sets. Case Studies of Applications of Uncertainty | | | |
| Uľ | NIT IV | 10 hours | |
| Real World Applications of AI: Real World Applications of AI: Expert System Architecture, Case Studies: MYCIN, Applications in NLP, Medical Sciences, Agriculture, education, Social Network Analysis, Information Retrieval from Search Engines and Metasearch Engines, IoT Applications & Big Data Analytics Applications, Ethics in AI - | | | |
| Text Books | | | |
| 1 | S.J. Russell and P. Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence- A Modern Approach", Pearson 3 rd Edition, 2010/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | P.H. Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Pearson Education, 3 rd Edition, 2002/ Latest Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | | |
| 1 | E. Rich and K. Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", McGraw Hill Education; 3 rd Edition 2017,/ Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | N.J. Nilsson, "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Narosa Publ. House, 2002/ Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | L. Luger, "Artificial Intelligence : Structures and Strategies for Compl Solving", Pearson Education, 5 th Edition 2008/ Latest Edition. | ex Problem | |
| 4 | E. Kumar, "Artificial Intelligence", Dreamtech Press, 2020/Latest Edition. | | |

| Data Communications & Computer Networks | | |
|---|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT- 301 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 5 | |
| Course Category: DCC | | |

Data communications refers to the transmission of this digital data between two or more computers and a computer network or data network is a telecommunications network that allows computers to exchange data. The physical connection between networked computing devices is established using either cable media or wireless media. The best-known computer network is the Internet.

Course Objectives:

- The students should understand the layers of networking devices.
- They should be familiar with a few networking protocols.
- They should study the different types of networks and topologies of networks.

<u>Pre-requisite:</u> Data Structures and Algorithms.

<u>Course Outcomes</u>: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Describe the fundamental concepts and layered architecture of computer networking.

- CO2: Explain the basic concepts of link layer properties to detect error and develop the solution for error control and flow control. Design, calculate, and apply subnet masks and addresses to fulfill networking requirements. Also, compare various routing protocols.CO3: Comprehend the duties of transport layer and congestion control techniques.
- **CO4**: Illustrate the features and operations of various application layer protocols such as DNS, HTTP, FTP, e-mail protocols and other applications; and focus on network security issues to secure communication towards society.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the existing real life cyber security issues and how they are solved. Emphasis would be given on assignments where students will be given numerical/ programming assignments based on topics studied in previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and practice for the benefit of students. Use of ICT, web-based sources as well as blackboard teaching will be adopted.
| UN | IT I | 11 hours | |
|--|---|---------------------|--|
| Introduction : Goals and Applications of Networks, Layering Concept, OSI Reference Model vs TCP/IP Protocol Suite, Networks Topology. Physical Layer : Signals, Digital Transmission – Analog to Digital & Digital to Digital, Analog Transmission – Digital to Analog & Analog to Analog, Multiplexing – FDM & TDM, Media – Guided and Unguided, Switching–Packet based & Circuit based. Hub & Repeater. Sampling Theorem (Nyquist-Shannon Theorem) Network Traffic Capturing : Wireshark (windows) and tcpdump (linux). | | | |
| UN | ттп | 10 hours | |
| Data Link Layer: Addressing; Error Detection & Correction – General concepts, Checksum & CRC; Medium Access – Aloha, CSMA, CSMA/CD & CA; Protocols – Ethernet, ARP & RARP; Switch – Learning & Filtering Mechanism, Wireless Access (Bluetooth & Wi-Fi) Network Layer: IP Addressing & Subnets; Basic Routing (or Forwarding) Mechanism; IPv4 frame format and functions; Routing protocols – RIP, OSPF & BGP and algorithms – Distance Vector & Link State. Linux Network Commands : arp, route, if config, netstat, traceroute, ping | | | |
| UN | пш | 11 hours | |
| Transport Layer: Port Addresses; Protocols - Simple, Stop n Wait, Go Back N & Selective Repeat; UDP – Services & Applications; TCP – header format, connection setup & termination, state transition diagram, flow control, error control, congestion control & timers. | | | |
| Ur | | 10 nours | |
| Application Layer: Web & HTTP, FTP, Email, Telnet, SSH, DNS. Advanced Protocols: SNMP, RTP, SIP, BitTorrent, Wireshark (Case Studies) | | | |
| Т | ext Books | | |
| 1 | Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", TMH, 5th Edition, 2 | 013/Latest Edition. | |
| 2 | A.S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", PHI, 4th Edition, 2002/Latest | Edition. | |
| 3 | W. Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", Macmillan Press, 2 | 013/Latest Edition. | |
| 4 | Comer, "Computer Networks and Internet", PHI, 2008/Latest Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | | |
| 1 | Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", McMillan, 2010/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | J. Martin, "Computer Network and Distributed Data Processing", PHI,2008/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | W. Stallings, "Local Networks", McMillan, 2013/Latest Edition. | | |
| 4 | M.Schwertz, "Computer Communication Network Design and Analysis", PHI, 1977/Latest Edition. | | |
| 5 | C. Kashar "An Engineering Annual to Computer Nature Jains Day | | |

| Theory of Computation | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BCS-303 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 5 | |
| Course Category: DCC | | |

The study of automata and the theory of computation deal with the concepts of working of automatic machine and processing of input formal language data. This subject provides an important background material to students involved in understanding the basic functionalities of automata theory.

Course Objectives:

- Introduce concepts in Automata theory and theory of computation
- Identify different formal language classes and their relationships
- Design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages

Pre-requisite: Basic concepts of mathematics

<u>Course Outcome</u>: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basics of automata and its fundamentals.

CO2: Understand theory of computation and concepts of formal languages

CO3: Design grammars and recognizers for different formal languages

CO4: Analyze the finite automata and regular expressions for accepting the language.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the existing real life cyber security issues and how they are solved. Emphasis would be given on assignments where students will be given numerical/ programming assignments based on topics studied in previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and practice for the benefit of students. Use of ICT, web-based sources as well as blackboard teaching will be adopted.

| UN | NIT I | 11 hours | |
|---|---|-------------------|--|
| Introduction to Theory of Computation: Definitions: Languages, Grammar, Automata, Applications of Theory of Computation, Finite Automata: DFA, NDFA, Equivalence of DFA and NDFA, DFA Minimization Regular Languages, Regular Grammars, Properties of Regular Languages, Pumping Lemma | | | |
| UN | NT II | 10 hours | |
| Context Free Language : Introduction, Parsing and Ambiguity, Pushdown Automata (PDA), Non-Deterministic PDA, Context Free Grammar, Chomsky Normal Form, Greibach Normal Form, Parse Tree representation of Derivation Tree, Equivalence of PDA and CFGs, Properties of Context Free Grammars | | | |
| UN | IT III | 11 hours | |
| Pumping Lemmas: Pumping Lemma for context free languages, Pumping lemma for linear languages. Turing Machine: Definition, TM as language acceptors, TM as transducers, Hierarchy of Formal Languages and Automata, Chomsky Hierarchy, Context Sensitive Languages and LBA, Unrestricted Grammars | | | |
| UN | IT IV | 10 hours | |
| Turing machine Models and complexity: Some NP Problems, Complexity classes P and NP, Unsolvable Problem, Halting problem, Finite State Transducers: Introduction, Mealy Machines, Moore Machines, Mealy and Moore Equivalence, Limitations of Finite State transducer | | | |
| Т | ext Books | | |
| 1 | P. Linz, "An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata", Narosa Publishers, 2010/ Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | J. Ullman, J. Hopcroft, "Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Pearson Education India, 3 rd Edition, 2008/ Latest Edition. | | |
| R | Reference Books | | |
| 1 | M. Sipser, "Introduction to the Theory of Computation", Cengage, 3 rd Edition, 2014/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | C.K. Nagpal, "Formal Languages and Automata Theory", Oxford U 2015/Latest Edition. | University Press, | |

| Modeling an | d Simulation |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BAS 301 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: BAS | Credits: 4 Semester: 5 |

Modeling and simulation are the indispensable tools that allow us to analyze the systems efficiently. They help us to analyze the behavior of the system before the system is actually built. Due to the advancement in this field, they have now become popular in all disciplines of engineering and sciences. The course will provide groundwork to the engineers to understand the underlying basis of modeling and simulation techniques.

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to impart a basic understanding of system and their modeling. Students will be introduced to mathematical modeling and their applications with simulation techniques. Also, the use of MATLAB/R/Mathematica will help the students to simulate the various mathematical models.

Pre-requisite: None

Course Outcomes: Having successfully completed this course, the student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the procedure of modeling of various systems using appropriate modeling techniques.
- **CO2**: Learn about various models such as Monte Carlo simulation models, queuing models, and mathematical models.
- **CO3**: Formulate and solve the mathematical models for the systems.
- **CO4**: Write the simulation code in MATLAB/R/Mathematica for gaining quick and useful insights into real-world systems.

Pedagogy:

| UNI | ТІ | 10 hours | |
|---|--|--------------|--|
| Concept of system and environment: Classification of Systems; Need of System Modeling, Modeling Methods for Complex Systems; Classification of Models: Physical vs. Abstract Model, Mathematical vs. Descriptive Model, Static vs. Dynamic Model, Steady State vs. Transient Model, Open vs. Feedback Model, Deterministic vs. Stochastic Models, Continuous vs. Discrete Models; Steps in the Modeling process; Mathematical Modeling: Concept, Importance, Advantages and Limitations. | | | |
| UNI | TII | 10 hours | |
| Introduction to Simulation: Need and Advantages; Mathematical Modeling and Approaches to Simulation; Discrete system simulation: Monte Carlo method, Random Number Generation. Applications of Modeling and Simulation; Numerical Methods for Simulation: Trapezoidal and Tangent Formulae, Simpson's Rule, One-Step Euler's Method, Runge–Kutta Methods of Integration, Runge–Kutta Fourth-Order Method; Errors during Simulation with Numerical Methods. | | | |
| UNI | T III | 12 hours | |
| Difference equations: Introduction to Discrete Models; Linear Models: Population Model Involving Growth, Drug Delivery Problem, Linear Prey-Predator Problem; Introduction to Continuous Models; Mathematical Model of Influenza Infection (within host), Epidemic Models (SI, SIR, SIRS), Numerical solution of the models. | | | |
| UNI | T IV | 10 hours | |
| Fitting a Mathematical Function to Data: Fitting of Linear Model, Linear Model with Multiple Predictors, Non-Linear Model Estimation. Queuing Theory: Introduction, notation and assumption. Simulation of queuing system, Simulation of a single server queue. | | | |
| Text | t Books | | |
| 1 | Chaturvedi, K. Devendra., "Modeling and Simulation of Systems using MATLAB and Simulink", CRC press, 2017/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | Gordon, Steven I., and B. Guilfoos, "Introduction to Modeling and Sim MATLAB® and Python", CRC Press, 2017/Latest Edition. | ulation with | |
| Refe | erence Books | | |
| 1 | Kapur, J. Narain. "Mathematical modeling". New Age International, 1988/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | Barnes, Belinda & Fulford, R. Glenn, "Mathematical Modelling with Case Studies, Using Maple and MATLAB" (3rd ed.). CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2015/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | Velten, K. Mathematical Modeling and Simulation: Introduction for Scientists and Engineers. John Wiley & Sons, 2009/Latest Edition. | | |
| 4 | Banerjee, Sandip, "Mathematical Modeling: Models, Analysis and Applic Press, 2014/Latest Edition. | ations", CRC | |

| Professional Ethics and Human Values | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Course Code: HMC 301 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-0 Course Category: HMC | Credits: 3 Semester: 5 | |

Values and Ethics are very relevant in today's environment of conflicts and stress in every profession, with obligations to be met by one person in many directions. A formal study will certainly improve one's ability and judgment and refine one's behavior, decisions, and actions in performing the duty to the family, organization, and to the society.

Course Objectives:

To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life, profession and happiness, based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of Existence. Such a holistic perspective forms the basis of Value based living in a natural way. To inculcate Ethics and Human Values into the young minds and develop moral responsibility and mould them as best professional which will create ethical vision and achieve harmony in life.

Pre-requisite: High school level moral studies

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- **CO1:** Develop the capability of shaping themselves into outstanding personalities, through a value-based life.
- CO2: Students turn themselves into champions of their lives.
- **CO3:** Students take things positively, convert everything into happiness and contribute for the happiness of others.
- **CO4**: Students become potential sources for contributing to the development of the society around them and institutions / organizations they work in.
- **CO5:** Students shape themselves into valuable professionals, follow professional ethics and are able to solve their ethical dilemmas.

Pedagogy:

| UNIT I | | 10 hours | |
|---|--|----------------|--|
| Human Values: Morals, Values and Ethics, Integrity, Work Ethic, Respect for Others, Living Peacefully, Caring, Sharing, Honesty, Valuing Time, Co-operation, Commitment, Empathy, Self-Confidence, Character, Spirituality. Indian values (on the conceptual framework of Vedas): Purusharth, Niskama karma, Religion and Human Values, Towards a World Religion, Ethical Living and Harmony in Life. | | | |
| UNIT I | I | 11 hours | |
| Profession and Professionalism , Ethical Theories: Kohlberg's Theory, Gilligan's Theory, Feminist Consequentialism, Moral Dilemmas, Types of Enquiry, Uses of Ethical Theories, Engineering Profession, Engineering Professionals- Training, Skill Set, Life Skills, Engineering Ethics: Making Senses and Issues, Ethical Obligations of Engineers, Ethical Codes for Engineers. | | | |
| UNIT I | п | 10 hours | |
| Engineering as a Social Experimentation, Safety Responsibility and Rights: Engineering as experimentation, Engineers as responsible Experimenters, Concept of Safety and Risk, Engineer's Responsibility for Safety, Risk – Benefit Analysis, Case Studies: The challenger case study, The Three Mile Island, Fukushima Nuclear Disaster, Bhopal Gas Tragedy. Disaster Management, Professional Rights, Employee Rights, Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs), Human Rights and Human Responsibilities. Major Ethical Issues. | | | |
| UNIT I | V | 11 hours | |
| Ethics and Global Issues: Ethics in Global Scenario, Multinational corporations, Environmental ethics, computer ethics, Business Ethics. Corporate Social responsibility, Weapons Development, Research Ethics. | | | |
| Text Bo | ooks | | |
| 1 | 1 M. Govindarajan., S. Natarajan., V. S. Senthil Kumar., "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2004/Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | R. Subramaniam, "Professional Ethics", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | M. Martin and R. Schinzinger, "Ethics in engineering", McGraw-Hill, New York 1996/Latest Edition. | | |
| 4 | R. R. Gaur, R. Sangal, G.P. Bagaria, "A Foundation Course in Human values and Professional Ethics", Excel Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi 2009/Latest Edition. | | |
| 5 | 5 A. N. Tripathi, "Human Values", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2 nd Edition, 2004/Latest Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | | |
| 1 | B. P. Banerjee, "Foundation of Ethics and Management", Excel Books Edition. | s, 2005/Latest | |

| 2 | Fleddermann, Charles D., "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Education. 2004/Latest Edition. |
|---|--|
| 3 | Harris, E. Charles, Protchard, Michael S. And Rabins, Michael, J., Wadsworth, "Engineering Ethics- Concepts and Cases", Thompson Learning, 2000/Latest Edition |
| 4 | Boatright, John R., "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003/Latest Edition. |
| 5 | S. Ranganathananda, "Universal Message of the Bhagavad Gita: An exposition of the Gita in the light of modern thought and modern needs", Vol. I – III, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata. 2000/Latest Edition. |
| 6 | P. Singer, "Practical Ethics", Oxford University Press, 1993/Latest Edition. |

| Industrial Training/Internship | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course BIT 353 | Credits: 1 | |
| Course Category: DCC | Semester: 5 | |
| | | |

Course Objectives:

Students will carry on the industrial training/internship for at least six weeks in the summer break of previous academic session. The idea of the training is to make them capable of handling the implementation of their theoretical knowledge in the practical field. To facilitate the development of a holistic perspective among students towards life, industry experts teach advanced technologies. Through Industrial training, students get familiarize with the environment of an organization and a company. Students get a certificate which validates their skills and helps them in getting a job quickly. The assessment for the same will be done within the first two weeks of opening of academic session by the respective department.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the Organizational Structure of a company.

- **CO2:** Develop work habits and attitudes necessary for job success (technical competence, professional attitude, organization skills etc.)
- **CO3:** Develop written communication and technical report writing skills.
- **CO4:** Develop an awareness for the need and applications of standards in the industry.

| Generic Open Elective Course | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: GEC-301 | Credits: 2 | |
| Contact Hours: L-0 T-0 P-4 | Semester: 5 | |
| L-0 T-2 P-0 | | |
| L-2 T-0 P-0 | | |
| Course Category: GEC | | |

A Generic Elective (GE) course is an inter-disciplinary course provided to the students chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject and allowing them a chance at comprehensive education. GEs are introduced as part of the CBCS. The students can choose their preference from a pool of courses from various disciplines/subjects. Elective courses do much more than filling in the gaps to fulfill the high school graduation requirements. It gives a chance to explore new options, allowing students to study more about the subject they are passionate about, and enables them to 'test drive' new activities. They provide students with the necessary skills to improve creativity that they might not find in the classroom. The main purpose of the elective course is to seek exposure to a new discipline/subject and to provide the students with an alternative option for desired fields.

Course objectives:

- Students will have exposure to a new discipline/subject.
- Prepare students to look for inter-disciplinary research.
- Fulfill the limitation to pursue master's study in desired field.
- Help discover new things that never existed and might change the course of student's life.

Pre-requisite: Basic knowledge of the selected domain of elective course

Course Outcomes: After completion of the elective course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Identify new discipline and learn new subject for future careers.

CO2: Apply their knowledge to understand and solve the real life problems.

CO3:Analyse creative design process through the integration and application of diverse technical knowledge and expertise to address social issues.

CO4: Develop the habit of working independently to attain self-motivation, discipline, and confidence to achieve their goals.

Pedagogy:

| Wireless Networks | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Course Code: BCS - 302 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DCC | Credits: 4 Semester: 6 | |

This course is about teaching of the fundamental concepts of wireless networks and imparting basic knowledge of the different types of ad-hoc networks and underlying protocols. Course will provide the understanding of the architecture of wireless networks for its various application setups.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the basics of wireless adhoc networks, mesh and sensor networks.
- To familiarize students with the challenges involved in wireless networks with respect to wired networks.
- To study about various types of wireless networks, i.e. cellular networks, Bluetooth, Ad hoc networks, wireless mesh networks and wireless sensor networks.
- To discover about various design, security and privacy issues in wireless networks.

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of wireless communication and computer networks.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the underlying technologies of wireless networks.

- **CO2:** Understand of the existing wireless protocols for MAC layer, Network layer and transport layer.
- **CO3**: Understand the concepts of ad hoc networks and the design / performance issues in wireless local area networks and wide area networks.
- **CO4:** Understand the function of the node architecture and use of sensors for various applications.

Pedagogy:

| UN | ΠΤΙ | 10 hours | |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|
| Introduction: Introduction to Ad-hoc networks – definition, characteristics features, applications. Characteristics of Wireless channel, Adhoc Mobility Models: - Indoor and outdoor models. MAC Protocols: design issues, goals and classification. Contention based protocols, IEEE Standards: 802.11, 802.15. | | | |
| UN | IT II | 10 hours | |
| Network Protocols: Routing Protocols: Design issues, Proactive Vs reactive routing protocols, Unicast routing protocols, Multicast routing protocols, hybrid routing protocols, Energy aware routing protocols, Hierarchical Routing protocols Transport Layer: Issues in designing Transport Layer, Transport layer classification, Adhoc transport protocols. | | | |
| UN | IT III | 10 hours | |
| Wi 802 Me | reless Mesh Networks: Necessity for Mesh Networks, MAC enhancen 2.11s Architecture, Opportunistic Routing, Heterogeneous Mesh Networks sh Networks | nents, IEEE , Vehicular | |
| UN | IT IV | 12 hours | |
| Wireless Sensor Networks: Introduction, Sensor Network architecture, Data Dissemination, Data Gathering, Location discovery, Quality of Sensor Networks, Sensor Network Platforms and Tools, Energy Efficient Approaches | | | |
| Te | xt Books | | |
| 1 | C.S.R Murthy and B. S. Manoj, "Ad hoc Wireless Networks Archite Protocols", Pearson Education, 2 nd Edition, 2004/Latest Edition. | ectures and | |
| 2 | H. Karl and A. Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Netw Wiley, Student Edition (Indian), 2016/Latest Edition. | vorks", John | |
| Re | ference Books | | |
| 1 | R. Hekmat, "Ad-hoc Networks: Fundamental Properties and Network Topologies", Springer, 1 st Edition, 2006/ Latest Edition. | | |
| 2 | C.K.Toh, "Adhoc Mobile Wireless Networks", Pearson Education, 1 st Edition, 2015/Latest Edition. | | |
| 3 | W. Dargie and C. Poellabauer, "Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networ and Practice", Wiley 2010/ Latest Edition. | ks –Theory | |
| 4 | E. Charles "Ad hoc networking", Pearson Education India, 1 st Edition, Edition. | 2008/Latest | |

| Cloud Co | mputing |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Course Code: BIT 304 | Credits: 4 |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 6 |
| Course Category: DCC | |

Cloud computing is a scalable service provider platform that provides on-demand and pay per use computing service for various types of shared pool of resources such as memory, servers, storage, networking, software, database, applications designing etc., with the help of the internet. This course will introduce various aspects of cloud computing including fundamentals of cloud computing, load balancing techniques, security challenges, case studies and industrial applications of cloud computing. This will help students to use and explore the cloud computing platforms.

Course Objectives:

- To learn the use of various cloud computing services and cloud deployment models.
- Understand the concept of virtualization in cloud computing.
- To apply the concepts of cloud computing for designing, evaluating, simulating and comparing various applications in a cloud computing environment.
- To gain the confidence in resource management and load balancing algorithms in a cloud computing environment.
- To gain the confidence of security attacks and their provisions at various levels of cloud computing.

<u>Pre-requisite:</u> Basic understanding of Operating System, Internet, Parallel and Distributed Computing.

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1:** To articulate key concepts of cloud computing and computing techniques, strength and limitations of cloud computing with possible application domains.
- **CO2:** To identify the architecture and infrastructure of cloud computing including SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, public cloud, private cloud and hybrid cloud.
- **CO3:** To interpret various data, scalability and cloud services to acquire efficient database for cloud storage.
- **CO4:** To explain the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy and interoperability and deal with controlling mechanism for accessing sage cloud service.

Pedagogy:

| UNIT I | 10 |
|--|----------------|
| | hours |
| Cloud Computing Fundamentals: Introduction of cloud computing, History | of cloud |
| computing, Trends in computing, Grid computing, Cluster computing, D | 1stributed |
| computing, Utility computing, Fog computing, NIST definition and characteristic | s of cloud |
| computing, Cloud as green and smart, Cloud as IaaS, PaaS, SaaS, BPaaS and F | laaS, SPI |
| framework, SPI vs. traditional IT Model, Cloud deployment models, Ben | efits and |
| challenges. | 10 |
| | 10 hours |
| Virtualization and Cloud Architecture: Virtualization concept, Resource virtualizati | on, Server |
| virtualization, Storage virtualization and Network virtualization, Storage Network | k Design: |
| Architecture of storage, Analysis and planning, Storage models, Cloud optimized storage | ge, Virtual |
| Box and Microsoft Hyper-V. | 10 |
| | 10 hours |
| Cloud Security: Web services, Web 2.0, Web OS, Security challenges and preventive r | neasures: : |
| Infrastructure layer, Network layer and Application layer of cloud computing architecture | e, Security |
| models in cloud, Resource management in cloud computing, Static and dynamic load ba | alancing in |
| cloud computing, Identity access management and Trust in cloud computing, Thin cli | lent. |
| UNITIV | 10 h a u ma |
| Cloud providers and case studies: Ameron EC2 Ameron EC service level agreement | and recent |
| developments GoGrid Salesforce com Force com Google App Engine Rackspace G | overnment |
| of India Cloud, IBM cloud, Eucalyptus cloud, Analysis of Case Studies when decidin | g to adopt |
| cloud computing architecture. | 8F. |
| Text Books | |
| B. Sosinsky, "Cloud Computing Bible", 1st Edition, Wiley-India, 2011/ Latest E | Edition. |
| 2 R. Buyya, C. Vecchiola, and S. T. Selvi, "Mastering cloud computing: foundation of the second seco | ations and |
| applications programming", 1 st Edition, Newnes, 2013/ Latest Edition. | 1 1 |
| Thomas Erl, Zaigam Mahmood, Ricardo Puttini, "Cloud Computing Concepts, To & Architecture", 1st Edition, Pearson India, 2013/ Latest Edition. | echnology |
| Reference Material | |
| 1 A. Shawish and M. Salama, "Cloud computing: paradigms and technologies." | " In Inter- |
| cooperative collective intelligence: Techniques and applications, Springer, 20 | 14/ Latest |
| Edition. | |
| 2 M. Miller, "Cloud Computing: Web-Based Applications That Change the Way | You Work |
| and Collaborate Online", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2008/ Latest Edi | |
| 1/2 I https://www.www.www.in/agarman/1/1/2 glound agarmenting | tion |
| 5 nups://swayam.gov.in/course/4415-cioud-computing | ition |

| | Principles of Mana | gement |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Course Code: HMC 302 Contact Hours: L-2 T-0 Course Category: HMC | P-0 | Credits: 2 Semester: 6 |

To give a preview of basics of management to engineering students, this course discusses about the basic nature of management and describes the functions of management, the specific roles of contemporary management, different approaches to designing organizational structures. This will help the students to understand the role of personality, learning and emotions at work, discover and understand the concept of motivation, leadership, power and conflict, understand the foundations of group behavior and the framework for organizational change and development.

Course Objective:

- To acquaint the students with the fundamentals of managing business
- To make them understand individual and group behavior at workplace so as to improve the effectiveness of an organization.
- The course will use and focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases.

<u>Pre-requisite</u>: Communication skills.

<u>Course Outcome</u>: After completion of the course, the students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the nature of management and describe the functions of management-

CO2: Understanding the specific roles of contemporary management.

CO3: Develop understanding of different approaches to designing organizational structures.

CO4: Understand the role of personality, learning and emotions at work.

CO5: Discover and understand the concept of motivation, leadership, power and conflict.

CO6: Understand the foundations of group behavior and the framework for organizational change and development.

Pedagogy:

| UNI | ТІ | 7 hours |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Intro Dev Con | oduction: Concept, Nature, Process and Significance of Management; Manage elopment of Management Thought: Classical, Neo-Classical, Behavioral, S tingency Approaches. | erial levels, ystems and |
| UNI | ТИ | 7 hours |
| Plan Orga Con | ming: Nature, Scope and Objectives of Planning; Types of plans; Plannin mizing: Nature, Process and Significance; Principles of an Organization trol; Types of an Organization. | g Process; a; Span of |
| UNI | T III | 7 hours |
| Staf Impo Trai | fing: Concept, Nature and Importance of Staffing. Motivating and Leading: Tortance of Motivation; Types of Motivation; Leadership: Meaning and In a leader. | Nature and nportance; |
| UNI | T IV | 7 hours |
| Con Tech | trolling: Nature and Scope of Control; Types of Control; Control Proces iniques– Traditional and Modern; Effective Control System. | s; Control |
| Tex | t Books | |
| 1 | S.P. Robbins, "Fundamentals Management: Essentials Concepts App Pearson Education, 2014/Latest Edition. | olications", |
| 2 | Gilbert, J.A.F. Stoner and R.E. Freeman, "Management", Pearson Educatio Koontz, "Essentials of Management", McGraw Hill Education, 2012/Late | n, 2014. H. est Edition. |
| Refe | erence Books | |
| 1 | C. B. Gupta, "Management Concepts and Practices", Sultan/Latest Editio | n |
| 2 | W. Ghillyer, "Management- A Real World Approach", McGraw Hill 2010/Latest Edition. | Education, |
| 3 | K. Mukherjee, "Principles of Management", McGraw Hill Education, 2 Edition. | 012/Latest |

| Marketing Mana | agement |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: HMC 304 Contact Hours: L-2 T-0 P-0 Course Category: HMC | Credits: 2 Semester: 6 |

This course will build the basic concept of marketing and related concepts for the engineering students. It will provide an in-depth understanding to various elements of marketing mix for elective functioning of an organization. Students will learn some of the tools and techniques of marketing with focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases.

Course Objective:

- To familiarize students with the marketing function in organizations.
- To equip the students with understanding of the Marketing Mix elements and sensitize them to certain emerging issues in Marketing.

<u>Pre-requisite</u>: Basic economics.

<u>Course Outcome:</u> After completion of the course, the students should be able to:

CO1: Understand the concept of marketing and related concepts.

- **CO2:** An in-depth understanding to various elements marketing mix for effective functioning of an organization.
- **CO3:** Learn some of the tools and techniques of marketing with focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases.

Pedagogy:

| UN | ITI | 7 hours |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Int Ma | roduction to Marketing: Nature, Scope and Importance of Marketing, Erketing Environment. | Basic concepts, |
| UN | IT II | 7 hours |
| Pro Lif | oduct: Product Levels, Product Mix, Product Strategy, Product Developecycle and Product Mix Pricing Decisions. | oment, Product |
| UN | IT III | 7 hours |
| Pla Ma | ce: Meaning & importance, Types of Channels, Channels Strategies, I naging Marketing Channel. | Designing and |
| UN | IT IV | 7 hours |
| Pro Me Imj | omotion: Promotion Mix,Push vs. Pull Strategy; Promotional Objective aning and Importance, Types, Media Decisions, Promotion Mix, Personal S portance and Process. | s, Advertising- Selling-Nature, |
| Tex | xt Books | |
| 1 | P. Kotler, P.Y. Agnihotri and E.U. Haque, "Principles of Marketing- Perspective", Pearson Education, 2012/Latest Edition. | A South Asian |
| 2 | T. Ramaswamy and S. Namkumar, "Marketing Management Global Indian Context", McMillan, Delhi, 2013/Latest Edition. | Perspective: |
| Re | ference Books | |
| 1 | R. Saxena, "Marketing Management", McGraw Hill Education, 2012/ | Latest Edition. |
| 2 | C.W. Lamb, J.F. Hair, C. McDaniel, D. Sharma, "MKTG: a South Asi with Coursemate", Cengage Learning, 2016/Latest Edition. | an Perspective |
| 3 | R. Winer, "Marketing Management", Pearson Education, 2012/Latest | Edition. |

| Financial Manag | gement |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: HMC 306 Contact Hours: L-2 T-0 P-0 Course Category: HMC | Credits: 2 Semester: 6 |

Efficient Management of a business enterprise is closely linked with the efficient management of its finances. Accordingly, the objective of the course is to familiarize the engineering students with the basic fundamentals, principles and practices of financial decision-making in a business unit in the context of a changing, challenging and competitive global economic environment. The purpose of the course is to offer the students relevant, systematic, efficient and actual knowledge of financial management that can be applied in practice while making financial decisions and resolving financial problems.

Course Objective:

- To acquaint the students with the overall framework of financial decision-making in a business unit.
- To acquaint the students with the fundamentals of Financial Management
- To make them understand Decisions to be taken as a Finance Manager.
- The course will use and focus on Indian experiences, approaches and cases.

<u>Pre-requisite</u>: Basic economics.

<u>Course Outcome</u>: Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the overall role and importance of the finance function for decision-making.

- **CO2:** Recommend whether and why a particular investment should be accepted or rejected by determining an appropriate investment criteria and projecting cash flows associated with corporate project evaluation.
- CO3: Differentiate between the various sources of finance and their pros and cons.
- CO4: Outline capital requirements for starting a business and management of working capital.
- **CO5:** Analyze the complexities associated with management of cost of funds in the capital structure.
- CO6: Apply the concepts of financial management to contemporary financial events.

Pedagogy:

| UNIT | [| 7 hours |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Finan finance | cial Management Definition, scope, objectives of Financial Management, Function manager, Time value of money. Sources of Finance for different Organizations. | tions of a |
| UNIT | Π | 7 hours |
| Capita Capital | l Structure: Meaning of Capital Structure: Factors Determining Capital Structure: Concept, Importance and Classification. | e. Cost of |
| UNIT | ш | 7 hours |
| Capita Rate of | I Budgeting: Concept, Importance and Appraisal Methods: Pay Back Period, A f Return, Net Present Value Method (NPV), Profitability Index, and IRR. Capital 1 | ccounting, Rationing. |
| UNIT | IV | 7 hours |
| Work i Manag | ng Capital Management: Operating cycle, Working Capital Estimation, ement: EOQ Problem. | Inventory |
| Text B | ooks | |
| 1 | M.Y. Khan and P.K. Jain, "Financial Management", McGraw Hill Education, 8 2018/Latest Edition. | th Edition, |
| 2 | I. M. Pandey, "Financial Management", Vikas Publishing House, 2015/Latest I | Edition. |
| Refere | nce Books | |
| 1 | S. Kapil, "Financial Management", Pearson Education, 2012/Latest Edition. | |
| 2 | C. Prasanna, "Financial Management: Theory and Practice", McGraw Hill, 20 Edition. | 17/Latest |
| 3 | S.N. Maheshwari, "Financial Management: Principles and Practice", Sultan Cl 2019/Latest Edition. | nand, LN, |

| Advanced Data Structu | re and Algorithm |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Course Code: BIT 308 | Credits: 4 |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 6 |
| Course Category: DEC | |

This course builds upon the introductory courses in data structures and algorithms. It introduces students to a number of highly efficient algorithms and data structures for solving data driven computational problems across a variety of areas. Moreover, this course will help students to master the fundamental ideas surrounding the data structure required in becoming an exemplary programmer.

Course Objectives:

- Understand principles behind the advances in data structures and algorithms.
- Enhance the student's expertise in algorithmic analysis and algorithm design techniques.
- Apply data structures and algorithms in real time applications.
- Ensure that the students evolve into a competent programmer.

<u>Pre-requisite</u>: Introduction to Programming, Data Structures and Algorithms.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completing this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts of Data structures and its operations.

CO2: Evaluate and apply the Algorithm design techniques to solve the real-world problem such as Sequence Alignment and Knapsack problem.

CO3: Apply the concept of Graph theory to solve the path problem and network problem. **CO4**: Develop the algorithm to design software applications.

Pedagogy:

| UNIT I | 10 hours |
|---|-------------------|
| Review of data structures: Arrays, Stacks, Linked Lists, Queues, BST. Hash ta | ables – collision |
| resolution, Hash functions, Open addressing. Dictionary. Data Frames and op | erations. Multi- |
| dimensional Arrays (NumPy) and operations. | |
| UNIT II | 10 hours |
| Algorithm Design Techniques – Divide and Conquer (Counting Inve | ersions, Integer |
| Multiplication), Greedy (Clustering, Interval Scheduling), Dynamic (Seque | nce Alignment, |
| Subset Sum & Knapsack), Branch & Bound, Backtracking. Randomiz | zed algorithms. |
| Approximation algorithms. | |
| UNIT III | 10 hours |
| Review of Graphs – DFS and BFS, MST, Shortest Path – Single Source and A | All Pair. Degree |
| Distribution, Paths, Distances, Connectedness, Clustering Coefficient, Rando | om Networks – |
| Evolution, Small World, Barabasi-Albert Model. | |
| UNIT IV | 10 hours |
| Network Flow: Max-Flow problem, Ford-Fulkerson algorithm, Augmenting | paths, Bipartite |
| Matching | |
| problem, Applications: Airline Scheduling, Image Segmentation. Evolving Netw | vorks: Bianconi- |
| Barabasi Model. | |
| Text Books | |
| 1 A.Aho, J.Ullman, J. Hopcroft.,"Data Structures and Algorithms", Pear | rson Education, |
| 1 st Edition, 1983/ Latest Edition. | |
| 2 J. Kleinberg and E. Tardos. "Algorithm Design", 1 st Edition, Pearso | on Education, |
| 2013/ LatestEdition. | |
| Reference Books | |
| 1 T. H. Cormen, C. E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, "Introduction | to Algorithms", |
| MIT Press, 3 rd Edition, 2009/ Latest Edition. | - |
| 2 Al. Barabasi. "Network Science", 1 st Edition, Cambridge University | Press, 2016/ |
| Latest Edition. | |
| 3 P. Brass, "Advanced Data Structures", 1st Edition, Cambridge Univ | versity Press, |
| 2008/ LatestEdition. | |

| Internet of Things | |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Course Code: BIT 310 | Credits: 4 |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0P-2 | Semester: 6 |
| Course Category: DEC | |
| | |

Internet of Things (IoT) is the next big idea in technology and has gained prominence with the ever-increasing connected devices, sensor systems and capability of computing resources. This course is designed to initiate the widest possible group of students to the field of IoT and will be comprehensive in its scope. This course supplies in-depth content that puts the theory into practice. The course will start with a basic introduction to IoT and take the students through an IoT solution case study.

Course Objectives:

- Impart understanding of various building blocks and working of state-of-the-art IoT systems.
- Learn the basic issues, policy and challenges in the Internet and understand the cloud and internet environment.
- Design and program own IoT devices by using real IoT communication protocols.
- Analyze the data generated from the IoT devices.

<u>Prerequisite:</u> Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Data Structures and Algorithms and Computer Networks

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Develop smart IoT Applications using smart sensor devices and cloud systems.
- **CO2**: Analyze the protocol Stack for IoT in order to address the issues related to heterogeneous devices and networks.
- CO3: Design IoT system specific secure protocols.
- CO4: Understand uses and risks related to IoT devices

Pedagogy:

| UNIT I | 10 hours |
|---|--|
| Introduction: Definition, Functional requirements, Characteristics, Foundat | ions, architectures, |
| challenges and issues, Physical design of IoT, Logical design of IoT, Web 3.0 | of IoT, IoT World |
| Forum (IoTWF) and Alternative IoT models, IoT Communication Models, IoT | in Global Context, |
| Real world scenarios, Different Areas, Examples Trends in the Adaption of | of the IoT (Cloud |
| Computing, Big Data Analytics, Concepts of Web of Things, Concept of Clo | oud of Things with |
| emphasis on Mobile Cloud | - |
| Computing, Smart Objects). | |
| UNIT II | 10 hours |
| Components in IoT: Control Units, Sensors, Communication modules | , Power Sources, |
| Communication Technologies, RFID, Bluetooth, Zigbee, Wi-fi, RF links, Mob | oile Internet, Wired |
| Communication; IoT Protocol and Technology: RFID, NFC, Wireless Netw | orks, WSN, RTLS |
| , GPS, Agents , Multi – Agent Systems, IoT Protocols: M2M, BacNet, M Wi-Fi | odBus, Bluetooth, |
| ZigBee: Web of Things (WoT): WoT vs IoT Architecture: Cloud of Things | (CoT): Grid/SOA |
| and Cloud Computing, Standards, Cloud Providers and Systems, Architectur | re. |
| UNIT III | 10 hours |
| Data Analytics for IoT: Introduction. Machine Learning. Big Data An | alvtics Tools and |
| Technology, Apache Hadoop, Using Hadoop MapReduce for Batch Data Analy | sis. Apache Oozie. |
| Apache Spark, Apache Storm, Apache Kafka, Edge Streaming Analytics and N | Network Analytics. |
| Xively Cloud for IoT. Using Apache Storm for Real-time Data Analysis. | Structural Health |
| Monitoring Case Study. | |
| Tools for IoT : Chef, Chef Case Studies, Puppet, Puppet Case Study – Mult | i-tier Deployment, |
| NETCONF-YANG Case Studies, IoT Code Generator. | 1 2 / |
| | |
| UNIT IV | 10 hours |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application | 10 hours tions, Surveillance |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applicate applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions : Introduction to P | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applicate applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions : Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applicate applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions : Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connected | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions : Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions : Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applicat applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions : Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles" | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to Petto different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 15 HillEducation private limited, 2017/ Latest Edition. | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, st Edition, McGraw |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 14 HillEducation private limited, 2017/ Latest Edition. | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, st Edition, McGraw |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 14 Reference Books | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, st Edition, McGraw |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 1* HillEducation private limited, 2017/ Latest Edition. Reference Books 1 D. Uckelmann, M. Harrison, "Architecting the Internet of Things", 1*t Editi Latest Edition. | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, st Edition, McGraw |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry application applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 1* HillEducation private limited, 2017/ Latest Edition. Implement D. Uckelmann, M. Harrison, "Architecting the Internet of Things", 1st Editi Latest Edition. 2 O. Hersent, D. Boswarthick, O. Elloumi, "The Internet of Things – Key a Protocols", 2 nd Edition, Wiley, 2012/ Latest Edition. | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, st Edition, McGraw ion, Springer, 2011/ applications and |
| UNIT IV Domain specific applications of IoT: Home automation, Industry applicat applications, Smart Homes, Ambient Assisted Living, Intelligent Tran application: Use-Case Examples; Developing IoT solutions: Introduction to P to different IoT tools, Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi Implement Arduino and Raspberry, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing, Connecte Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Privacy and Security Issues in IoT. Text Books 1 A. Bahga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Universities Press, 2015/ Latest Edition. 2 R. Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 1st HillEducation private limited, 2017/ Latest Edition. 1 D. Uckelmann, M. Harrison, "Architecting the Internet of Things", 1st Editi Latest Edition. 2 O. Hersent, D. Boswarthick, O. Elloumi, "The Internet of Things – Key a Protocols", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2012/ Latest Edition. 3 H. Zhou, "The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective" Press, 2015/ Latest Edition | 10 hours tions, Surveillance sport, Other IoT ython, Introduction tation of IoT with ed Vehicles, Data 1 st Edition, st Edition, McGraw ion, Springer, 2011/ applications and ", 1 st Edition, CRC |

| Advanced Database Management Systems | | |
|--|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT-312 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC | Semester: 6 | |

Students study the basic and fundamentals of Database Management Systems at UG level, where they cover basics of RDBMS, Normalization, SQL, Transaction Management and Concurrency control techniques. However, since the complexity and size of databases is continuously increasing, advanced approaches to store and manage the data is required.

Course Objectives:

- To learn advanced and complex queries in SQL
- To learn PL/SQL with an emphasis on Exceptions handling, Cursors, Triggers, Procedures, Functions and Packages in PL/SQL
- To learn new approaches and trends in Databases like OODBMS, DDBMS, Multimedia database Management Systems and Big Data approaches.

Pre-Requisite: Understanding of Database Concepts and SQL.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- **CO1**: Write appropriate programs (Procedures/Functions/Triggers) at Server side for better, efficient and secure application development.
- **CO2:** Implement various advanced concepts of Database management Systems like Object Oriented System, Distributed Database Systems and Multimedia Database Management Systems for database design.
- **CO3:** Understand big data along with concepts like Hadoop, Map Reduce, NoSQL, Pig and Hive for management and analytics.
- CO4: implement unstructured big data along with concepts like Hadoop, Map

Pedagogy:

The subject will be taught through lectures, presentations and working on case studies. Lab sessions will cover exercises on advanced SQL queries, PL/SQL programs, use of object-oriented concepts in database designing along with hands on experiments on Big Data.

| UNIT | Ι |
|------|---|
| | |

UNIT II

Advanced SQL: Joins (Outer, Inner and Self Join), Nested Queries, Views, Indexes, Materialized Views, Embedded SQL, dynamic SQL, SQLJ, Cursor, Exception Handling, Triggers, Procedures, Functions.

|--|

10 hours

Indexing and Hashing, B+ Tree Index Files, B-Tree Index Files, Dynamic and Static Hashing, Query Processing, Measures of Query cost, Selection Operation, Sorting, Join operation, evaluation of expressions, Query Optimization, estimating statistics of expression results, transformation of Relational Expressions, Choice of evaluation plans. **Database Security and Authorization:** Levels of database security, Access control, Multilevel security, Statistical database security, Audit trails in the databases.

UNIT III

11 hours

Structured versus Unstructured data, NoSQL database concepts: Types of NoSQL databases, NoSQL data modeling, Benefits of NoSQL, comparison between SQL and NoSQL database systems. NoSQL using MongoDB: Introduction to MongoDB Shell, Running the MongoDB shell, MongoDB client, Basic operations with MongoDB shell, Basic Data Types, Arrays, Embedded Documents, Querying with MongoDB: find() function, specifying which keys to return, query criteria, OR queries, Types specific querying. **Aggregation Introduction:** Aggregation Pipeline, Aggregation using Map reduce, Single purpose aggregation

UNIT IV

10 hours

Distributed Databases, Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Databases, Distributed Data Storage, Distributed Transactions and their commit protocols, Concurrency Control in Distributed Databases, Distributed Query Processing. Multimedia Databases, Mobile Data bases, Temporal database, Image and Semantic-based query processing, Active database.

Text Books

- 1 R. Elmasri, and S.B.Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 7th Edition, PearsonEducation, 2017/ Latest Edition.
- 2 A. Silberschatz, and H. F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", 6th Edition/Latest Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2013/ Latest Edition.

Reference Books

- 1 M.T.Ozsu, and P. Valduriez, "Principles of Distributed Database Systems", 3rd Edition, Springer, 2011/Latest Edition.
- T. Connolly, and C. Begg, "Database Systems: A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation and Management", 6th Edition, Pearson, 2014/ Latest Edition.
- 3 R. Ramakrishnan, and J.Gehrke, "Database Management Systems", 3rd Edition, McGraw HillEducation, 2014/Latest Edition.
- W. Lemahieu, S. V. Broucke, and B. Baesens, "Principles of Database Management: PracticalGuide to Storing, Managing and Analyzing Big and Small Data", 1st Edition Cambridge University press, 2018/ Latest Edition.

| Computer Graphics | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Course Code: BCS 314 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 6 | |

The subject Computer Graphics introduces basic concepts of graphics, output primitives, transformations, projections, curve and surface generation methods and shading algorithms.

Course Objective:

- To introduce the basic concepts of computer graphics
- To introduce the concepts of 2D/3D transformations
- To introduce the concepts of curve generation and hidden surface detection.

<u>Pre-requisite:</u> Basic mathematics.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand basic concepts of computer graphics and its applications.

CO2: Use the 2D/3D transformation and projection concepts in various projects

CO3: Understand concepts of curve generation and hidden surface detection.

CO4: Develop various application of computer graphics

Pedagogy:

| UNI | ТІ | 10 hours |
|--|---|--|
| Introduction to computer graphics: Introduction, Application of computer graphics, Video Display Devices, Raster Scan Systems, Random Scan Systems, Graphics Monitors and Workstations, Input Devices, Hard Copy Devices, Graphics Software. Colour Models: RGB, HSV etc. Output primitives: DDA Line drawing algorithm, Bresenham's Line Drawing Algorithm, Midpoint circle algorithm, Midpoint Ellipse algorithms, filling algorithms, boundary fill and flood fill algorithms. | | |
| UNI | T II | 10 hours |
| Transformations: Basic 2D Transformations, Matrix representations & Homogeneous Coordinates, Matrix Representations for basic 2D and 3D transformations (Translation, Scaling, Rotation), Composite Transformations, reflection and shear transformations, affine transformation, transformations between coordinate systems. Two-dimensional viewing: The viewing Pipeline, Window to viewport coordinate transformation, Clipping Operations: Point Clipping, Line Clipping (Cohen Sutherland and Liang-barsky), Polygon Clipping, Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping, Wailer-Atherton polygon clipping, curve clipping, Text clipping. | | |
| UNI | | 10 hours |
| Curves and Surfaces: Representation of surfaces, polygon meshes, plane equations, parametric cubic curves, Hermite Curves, Bezier Curves, 4 point and 5 point Bezier curves using Bernstein Polynomials, Conditions for smoothly joining curve segments, Bezier bi-cubic surface patch, B-Spline Curves, Cubic B-Spline curves using uniform knot vectors, Testing for first and second order continuities. Visible surface detection, Back Face Detection, Depth Buffer (Z-Buffer, A-Buffer) Method. Scan Line Method, Depth Sorting Method, Area Subdivision Method | | |
| UNI | T IV | 11 hours |
| Three Proje Refl shad | ee-Dimensional Concepts: 3D Transformations, Parallel Projection and ection. Shading and Illumination Model: Shading, Illumination Model ection, Ambient light, Specular Reflection Model, Reflection Vector. Shadi ing, Gouraud Shading, Phong Model. Case studies:Design case studies esentations of lines and curves, perform 2D and 3D transformations on dif | nd Perspective el for diffused ng Models, Flat to perform 2D ferent objects. |
| Text | t Books | |
| 1 | D. Hearn and M. P. Baker, "Computer Graphics", Pearson Education 2014/LatestEdition | ; 2 nd Edition, |
| 2 | Z. Xiang and R. Plastock, "Computer Graphics", Schaum's Series, Education; 2 nd Edition, 2006/Latest Edition. | McGraw Hill |
| Reference Books | | |
| 1 | D. Rogers and J. Adams, "Mathematical Elements for Computer G McGraw HillEducation; 2 nd Edition 2017/ Latest Edition. | raphics", |
| | | |
| 2 | J.H. Hughes et al., "Computer Graphics Principles & practice", Pearson India, 2 nd Edition 2002/ Latest Edition. | n Education |

| Enterprise Java Programming | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT 314 Contact Hours: L-3 P-0 T-2 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 6 | |

This enterprise java programming course develops knowledge about the use of java for application development. This course shall inculcate programming capability to handle enterprise scale software and develop and deploy applications using Java Platform.

Course Objective:

- To give the students an understanding of the enterprise applications development and its related technologies
- To learn Application Development and Deployment using J2EE.

<u>Pre-requisite:</u> Basic Knowledge of Object-Oriented programming, Java Programming Language and Database Management.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: To learn Java programming to express proficiency and improve effective programming skills

CO2: Design and implement application development with database connection and learn servlet

CO3: Develop data driven, distributed application using web and business components.

CO4: Students will learn how to build and deploy Java Enterprise Applications.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Emphasis would be given on lab session where students will be given lab assignments based on topics studied in previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and practice for the benefit of students.

| UNIT 1 | 10 Hours |
|--|---|
| Introduction to java: introduction of java classes, objects and methods, inheritance, package and interface, Collections: Collection Interfaces, Concrete Collections, Collections Framework, Exceptional handling -checked, unchecked exception and user defined, exception handling mechanism, use of throw and throws Multithreading: Life cycle of thread, Creating and running thread, Use of Runnable interface, Thread priorities, Multithreading, synchronization, inter thread communication, Fundamentals in Networking: Sockets in Java - Internet Addressing - DNS, URL class - TCP/IP and Datagram. Creating and using TCP/IP Sockets : Socket class and its constructors and methods . Creating TCP servers &clients: TCP/IP server sockets - Constructors and methods of ServerSocket class - Program to create a TCP/IP server and client | |
| UNIT 2 | 10 Hours |
| Working with database: JDBC API, JDBC architecture, JDBC drivers, Use of Statement and Prepared Statement and Callable statement. ResultSet: Methods of ResultSet, ResultSetMetaData, Program example using JDBC, Executing a sql query, Use of ResultSetMetaData and its methods. Introduction to J2EE and building J2EE applications, Java EE evolution, working with glass fish server, MVC architecture, Servlet- Introduction to servlets and its life cycle, cgi interface and its problems, Generic and HTTP servlet, inter servlet communication- request dispatcher and redirect, session management in servlet cookies session object | |
| | |
| UNIT 3 | 10 Hours |
| UNIT 3 JSP Basics and Architecture: JSP vs Servlet, JSP functions, JS documents, JSP elements, JSP directives, JSP action, implicit objects, JSP clie JSP server response, Working with Java Beans EJB Fundamentals: J2EE technologies, EJB Overview, Benefits of EJB, Why system, Enterprise beans and types, distributed objects and middleware, decomponents, bean class and deployment descriptor. Introducing session beans: Session beans life time, state full and Stateless lifecycle of session beans, working with session beans | 10 Hours SP syntax,JSP ent request and y use EJB EJB eveloping EJB session beans, |
| UNIT 3 JSP Basics and Architecture: JSP vs Servlet, JSP functions, JS documents, JSP elements, JSP directives, JSP action, implicit objects, JSP clie JSP server response, Working with Java Beans EJB Fundamentals: J2EE technologies, EJB Overview, Benefits of EJB, Why system, Enterprise beans and types, distributed objects and middleware, de components, bean class and deployment descriptor. Introducing session beans: Session beans life time, state full and Stateless lifecycle of session beans, working with session beans UNIT 4 | 10 Hours SP syntax,JSP ent request and y use EJB EJB eveloping EJB session beans, 10 Hours |
| UNIT 3 JSP Basics and Architecture: JSP vs Servlet, JSP functions, JS documents, JSP elements, JSP directives, JSP action, implicit objects, JSP clie JSP server response, Working with Java Beans EJB Fundamentals: J2EE technologies, EJB Overview, Benefits of EJB, Why system, Enterprise beans and types, distributed objects and middleware, de components, bean class and deployment descriptor. Introducing session beans: Session beans life time, state full and Stateless lifecycle of session beans, working with session beans UNIT 4 Java Messaging Service(JMS)- requirement and advantages of JMS, JMS model Working with java Server Faces- JSF MVC, components of JSF, How JSF V components, JSF application, JSF expression language Working with Hibernate-Hibernate overview, supported database, hibernational set of the set | 10 HoursSP syntax, JSPent request andy use EJB EJBeveloping EJBsession beans,10 HoursProgrammingWorks , JSF UIre architecture. |
| UNIT 3 JSP Basics and Architecture: JSP vs Servlet, JSP functions, JS documents, JSP elements, JSP directives, JSP action, implicit objects, JSP clie JSP server response, Working with Java Beans EJB Fundamentals: J2EE technologies, EJB Overview, Benefits of EJB, Why system, Enterprise beans and types, distributed objects and middleware, de components, bean class and deployment descriptor. Introducing session beans: Session beans life time, state full and Stateless lifecycle of session beans, working with session beans UNIT 4 Java Messaging Service(JMS)- requirement and advantages of JMS, JMS model Working with java Server Faces- JSF MVC, components of JSF, How JSF V components, JSF application, JSF expression language Working with Hibernate-Hibernate overview, supported database, hibernat | 10 HoursSPsyntax,JSPent request andy use EJB EJBeveloping EJBsession beans,10 HoursProgrammingWorks , JSF UIte architecture. |
| UNIT 3 JSP Basics and Architecture: JSP vs Servlet, JSP functions, JS documents, JSP elements, JSP directives, JSP action, implicit objects, JSP clie JSP server response, Working with Java Beans EJB Fundamentals: J2EE technologies, EJB Overview, Benefits of EJB, Why system, Enterprise beans and types, distributed objects and middleware, de components, bean class and deployment descriptor. Introducing session beans: Session beans life time, state full and Stateless lifecycle of session beans, working with session beans UNIT 4 Java Messaging Service(JMS)- requirement and advantages of JMS, JMS model Working with java Server Faces- JSF MVC, components of JSF, How JSF V components, JSF application, JSF expression language Working with Hibernate-Hibernate overview, supported database, hibernat Text Books 1. Java Platform, Enterprise Edition 8: The Java EE Tutorial, Oracle, Java Do 2018/Latest Edition. | 10 HoursSP syntax, JSPent request andy use EJB EJBeveloping EJBsession beans,10 HoursProgrammingWorks , JSF UIte architecture.ocumentation, |

3. Jim Farley, William Crawford, "Java Enterprise in a Nutshell", O'Reilly and Associates, 3rd Ed/Latest Edition.

Reference Books

1. Francesco Marchioni, "Practical Enterprise Application Development", /Latest Edition.

2. John Hunt and Chris Loftus, "Guide to J2EE: Enterprise Java" Springer Verlag Publications/Latest Edition.

3.Joe Wigglesworth and McMilan Paula, "Java Programming: Advanced Topic", Thomson, 3rd Ed., 2003/Latest Edition.

4.David R. Heffelfinger, "Java EE 8 Application Development", Packt Publishing, First Edition, December 2017/Latest Edition.

5. "Core and Advanced Java, Black Book", Dream Tech Publications, First Edition, 2018/Latest Edition.

| Compiler Design | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Course Code: BCS - 306 Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 6 | |

This course provides the complete description about inner working of a compiler. This course focuses mainly on the design of compilers and optimization techniques. It also includes the design of Compiler writing tools. This course also aims to convey the language specifications, use of regular expressions and context free grammars behind the design of compiler.

Course Objectives:

- Introduce major concepts of language translation and compiler design.
- Impart the knowledge of practical skills necessary for constructing a compiler.

Prerequisite: Basic programming skills

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> The students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Explain the compiler architecture and different phases of compilation with compile time error handling.
- **CO2:** Compare top down with bottom-up parsers, and develop appropriate parser to produce parse tree representation of the input
- **CO3:** Illustrate language tokens using regular expressions, context free grammar and finite automata and design lexical analyzer for a language.
- CO4: Design a compiler for a small subset of C language.

Pedagogy:

| UNIT | I | 10 hours |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Introduction to compilers – Analysis of the source program, Phases of a compiler, grouping of phases, compiler writing tools– bootstrapping. Case study: MiniC (A small subset of C language) Lexical Analysis-The role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering, Specification of Tokens using Regular Expressions, Review of Finite Automata, Recognition of Tokens, Case study: Lexical Analysis for MiniC, Syntax Analysis: Review of Context-Free Grammars – Derivation trees and Parse Trees, Ambiguity. | | |
| UNIT | II | 12 hours |
| Top-D Parsin Constr LALR | Down Parsing: Recursive Descent parsing, Predictive parsing, LL(1) Grammars. I g: Shift Reduce parsing – Operator precedence parsing (Concepts only). LR ructing SLR parsing tables, Constructing Canonical LR parsing tables and Co parsing tables. Case study: Syntax analysis for MiniC | Bottom-Up parsing – onstructing |
| UNIT | III | 10 hours |
| Syntax directed translation : Syntax directed definitions, Bottom- up evaluation of S- attributed definitions, L- attributed definitions, Top-down translation, Bottom-up evaluation of inherited attributes. Type Checking: Type systems, Specification of a simple type checker. Run-Time Environments: Source Language issues, Storage organization, Storage allocation strategies. | | |
| UNIT | IV | 10 hours |
| Intermediate Code Generation (ICG): Intermediate languages – Graphical representations, Three Address code, Quadruples, Triples. Assignment statements, Boolean expressions. Code Optimization: Principal sources of optimization, Optimization of Basic blocks, Code generation: Issues in the design of a code generator. A simple code generator. Case study: MiniC Code Generator for the MiniC Architecture | | |
| Text I | Books | |
| 1 | A. Monica, S. Lam, R. Sethi and D. Ullman, "Compilers – Principles Techniq Tools", Pearson Education India; 2 nd edition, 2013/ Latest Edition. | ues and |
| 2 | 2 K. C. Louden, "Compiler Construction – Principles and Practice", Cengage Learning Indian Edition 2006/ Latest Edition. | |
| Reference Books | | |
| 1 | 1 A. I. Hollub, "Compiler Design in C", Pearson Education India; 1 st edition, 2015/ Latest Edition. | |
| 2 | A.W. Appel, M. Ginsburg, "Modern Compiler Implementation in C", Cambridge University Press, 2004/ Latest Edition. | |
| 3 | K. Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press, 2012/ Latest | Edition. |
| 4 | S. D. Bergmann, "Compiler Design theory, tools and examples", C/C++ Editio University, 2010/ Latest Edition. | on, Rowan |

| Computer Vision | |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BIT-316 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 6 |

Computer vision is an important applied research area encompassing aspects from geometry, machine learning, probabilistic models, optimization etc. The course consists of various important aspects of computer vision namely geometry, motion, image features, and low-level and high-level image labeling.

Course Objectives:

- To review image processing techniques for computer vision.
- To understand shape and region analysis.
- To understand Hough Transform and its applications to detect lines, circles, ellipses.
- To understand three-dimensional image analysis techniques.
- To understand motion analysis.
- To study some applications of computer vision algorithm

Pre-requisites: Introduction to Image processing

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to apply a variety of computer techniques for the design of efficient algorithms for real-world applications, such as optical character recognition, face detection and recognition, motion estimation, human tracking, and gesture recognition. The topics covered include image filters, edge detection, feature extraction, object detection, object recognition, tracking, gesture recognition, image formation and camera models, and stereo vision.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Emphasis would be given on assignments where students will be given assignments based on topics studied in previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and practice for the benefit of students. Use of ICT, web based sources as well as blackboard teaching will be adopted. Lecture delivery via discussions, whiteboard, slideshows, online learning material. Lab-work with exercises.

| TI:4 T | 10 houng | |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Unit-1 Caamatria Imaga Fasturas: Elements of Differential Caematry | Tontour Goometry | |
| A polytical Image Features: Elements of A polytical Euclidean Ge | contour Geometry. | |
| Camora Darameters, Calibration Mathada | onieuy, Geonieuc | |
| Unit II | 10 hours | |
| Linear Filters: Linear Filters and Convolution Shift invariant line | ar systems Spatial | |
| Energy and Fourier Transforms, Sampling and Aliasing | ai systems, spanar | |
| Edge Detection : Estimating Derivatives with Finite Differences | Noise Edges and | |
| Gradient-based Edge Detectors | Troise, Lages and | |
| Unit-III | 10 hours | |
| Texture: Representing Texture Analysis (and Synthesis) Using (| Driented Pyramids | |
| Application: Synthesizing Textures for Rendering Shape from T | exture: Planes and | |
| Isotrony | enture: manes and | |
| Shape from Shading : Introduction to the concept of Shading From | om Shading (SFS). | |
| Application of SFS (Texture Shop, Image-Based Material Emitting, | Optimization Based | |
| SFS), Photometric stereo, Spherical Illumination, Displacement | Mapping, Feature | |
| Mapping | 11 0, | |
| Unit-IV | 10 hours | |
| Affine Structure from Motion: Elements of Affine Geometry, Af | fine Structure from | |
| Two Images, Affine Structure from Multiple Images, From Affine to |) Euclidean Images, | |
| Affine Motion Segmentation. | C A | |
| Projective Structure from Motion: Elements of Projective Geometry | | |
| Text Books | | |
| D. Forsyth and J. Ponce, Computer vision: A modern approach, second edition, | | |
| Pearson, 2012/Latest Edition. | | |
| R. Hartley and A. Zisserman, Multiple view geometry in computer vision, second | | |
| edition, Cambridge univ. press, 2003/Latest Edition. | | |
| E. Trucco and A. Verri, Introductory Techniques for 3D Computer Vision, Prentice | | |
| Hall/Latest Edition. | | |
| R. Szeliski, Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, Springer 2011/Latest | | |
| Edition. | | |
| Reference Books | | |
| S. Prince, Computer vision: Models, learning and inference, Cambridge univ. press, | | |
| 2012/Latest Edition | | |
| B. K. P. Horn, Robot Vision, MIT Press (Cambridge) /Latest Ec | lition. | |

Mobile Computing

Course Code: BIT - 401 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DCC Credits: 4 Semester: 7

Introduction:

Mobile Computing refers a technology that allows transmission of data, voice and video via a computer or any other wireless enabled device. It is free from having a connection with a fixed physical link. It facilitates the users to move from one physical location to another during communication.

Course Objective:

- To introduce the basic concepts and principles in mobile computing. This includes major techniques involved, and networks as well as systems issues for the design and implementation of mobile computing systems and applications.
- To understand the basic concepts of mobile communication and computing.
- To understand telecommunication systems and gain knowledge about different mobile platforms and application development.

Prerequisite: Computer-Networks.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Learn the basic concepts and applications of Mobile Computing and Cellular architecture;
- CO2: Evaluate the effectiveness of the existing telecommunication systems such as GSM, GPRS, and UMTS
- **CO3:** Analyze the protocol suite for the wireless architecture (Mobile IP, Mobile TCP, and Wireless application protocols)
- **CO4:** Explain the Bluetooth technology, and develop mobile applications for different domains.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the existing real-life issues and how they are solved. Emphasis would be given on assignments where students will be given numerical/ programming assignments based on topics studied in previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and practice for the benefit of students. Use of ICT, web-based sources as well as blackboard teaching will be adopted.
| Unit I | 11 hours |
|---|-----------------------|
| | |
| Introduction to Mobile Computing: History, Types, Benefits, Appl | ication, Evolution, |
| Characteristics of Mobile computing, Security Concern regarding M | lobile Computing, |
| Different Propagation Modes, Wireless Architecture and its types. First-C | Generation Analog, |
| Second-Generation TDMA, Second-Generation CDMA, Third-Generation | n Systems Cellular |
| Concept: Cellular Systems and Principles of Cellular Networks, Hexagona | al geometry cell and |
| concept of frequency reuse, Channel Assignment Strategies, Distance to fre | equency reuse ratio; |
| Electromagnetic Spectrum, Antennas and Propagation-Antennas, Propag | gation Modes, Line- |
| of-Sight Transmission, Fading in the Mobile Environment, Signal Chara | cteristics; Channel |
| Capacity, Multiplexing, Spread Spectrum: DSSS & FHSS, CDMA. | |
| Unit II | 10 hours |
| Telecommunication Systems: GSM: Architecture, Channel allocation, | call routing, PLMN |
| interface, GSM addresses and identifiers, network aspects, frequency alloc | ation, authentication |
| and security, Handoffs Technique; GPRS: network architecture, netw | ork operation, data |
| services, Applications, Billing and charging; UTRAN, UMTS; Mobile Ne | etworking: Medium |
| Access Protocol, Internet Protocol and Transport layer, Medium Access Con | ntrol: Motivation for |
| specialized MAC, Introduction to multiple Access techniques (MACA) | |
| Unit III | 12 hours |
| Mobile IP: Features of Mobile IP and its need, IP packet delivery, Key M | lechanism in Mobile |
| IP, Agent Discovery, Registration, Tunnelling and encapsulation, Reverse | Tunnelling, Routing |
| (DSDV,DSR), Route optimization, IP Handoff; Mobile TCP: Traditional | TCP, Classical TCP |
| Improvements like Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP & Mobile TCP, Fas | st Retransmit/ Fast |
| Recovery, Iransmission/Timeout Freezing, Selective Retransmission; W | ireless Application |
| Protocol: Introduction, Application, Architecture, Protocol Stack and Cr | nallenges. |
| | 10 hours |
| Bluetooth: Introduction, User Scenario, Architecture, protocol stack; I | P Mobility, Macro |
| Mobility and Micro Mobility, Introduction to 4G and 5G; LTE, HIPERL | AN, Mobile Device |
| Operating Systems, Special Constraints & Requirements, Commercial | Mobile Operating |
| Commerce Structure Mobile Development Nit. 105, Android, Blackberry, Wi | ndows Phone, M- |
| Toxt Books | |
| 1 John H. Schiller, Mobile Communications, Dearson Education, 2nd H | Edition 2003/Latest |
| Fdition | Latest |
| 2 Asoka K Talukdar Hasan Ahmad Doona D Vayagal Mohila Com | auting: Technology |
| Applications and Service Creation 2nd Edition Tata McGraw Hill 2010 | Juting. Technology, |
| 3 Andreas F Molisch Wireless Communications 2nd Edition Wiley | India 2006/Latest |
| Edition | mula, 2000/Latest |
| Reference Books | |
| 1 Rai Kamal Mobile Computing 3rd Edition Ovford University Press 2 | 018/Latest Edition |
| 2 Frank Adelstein SK S Gunta Golden G Richard III and Loren Schwie | hert "Fundamentale |
| 2. Trank racisteni, S.K.S. Gupta, Golden G. Kienard III and Eblen Sellwic | |

| Software T | esting |
|--|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BIT - 403 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DCC | Credits: 4 Semester: 7 |

Introduction: Software testing helps in finalizing the software application or product against business and user requirements. It is very important to have good test coverage in order to test the software application completely and make it sure that it's performing well and as per the specifications. Software testing makes sure that the testing is being done properly and hence the system is ready for use. Software Quality Assurance includes standards and procedures that developers may use to review and audit software products and activities to verify that the software meets quality criteria which link to standards.

Course Objectives:

- The students should understand software testing and quality assurance as a fundamental component of software life cycle.
- Finding defects which may get created by the programmer while developing the software.
- Gaining confidence in and providing information about the level of <u>quality</u>.
- To make sure that the end result meets the business and user requirements.
- To gain the confidence of the customers by providing them a quality product.

Prerequisite: Software Engineering, Programming Skills, Database Management System.

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand the process of applying tests to software and the fundamental components of a test case.

CO2: Use different testing techniques to create test cases.

CO3: Select Test Cases and explain verification methods to prove the correctness of the program. **CO4:** Generate test cases from requirements, design test case matrix and discuss testing level, metrics, Object-oriented testing, and tools.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, webbased resources as well as flipped class room teaching will be adopted.

| UNI | ТІ | 10 hours |
|---|---|---|
| Introduction: Testing Objectives, Software Testing Process, Software Testing Principles, Tester Role in Software Development Organization, Test Case Implementation and Execution. Testing Concepts: Levels of Testing, Test Cases Design and Strategy, Test Suit, Test Plan, Testing as aProcess, Testing and Debugging, Limitations of Testing, Software Testing Tools: Characteristics of Modern Tools, Static Testing Tools, Dynamic Testing Tools, Process Management Tools. | | |
| UNI | ТИ | 10 hours |
| Func Speci robus Tech Struc Data Muta Integ | tional Testing: Boundary Value Analysis, Robustness Testing, Worst ca al Value Testing, Equivalence Class Testing-Weak normal, Strong nor at and Strong Robust, Decision Table Based Testing, Cause Effect nique. Etural Testing: Control flow testing-Statement, Branch, Condition and Path Flow Testing, Testing strategies, Generation of test cases, Slice-base tion Testing, Integration Testing, Decomposition based Integration, Call G ration, System Testing: Thread Testing. | ase testing, rmal, weak t Graphing h coverage, ed Testing, Graph based |
| UNI | TIII | 10 hours |
| Introc in Ol test c | duction to Object Oriented Testing, State Based Testing, Class Testing, Web oject Oriented Testing, Regression testing, Selection of test cases, reducing ases, Prioritization guidelines. | Testing, Issues g the number of |
| UNI | TIV | 11 hours |
| Softw Softw Metri | vare Verification Methods, SRS Verification, SDD Verification, Source vare Project Audit, Debugging Process and Approaches, Software Testin c used in Testing, Software Quality and Quality Models. | Code Reviews, g Metrics, |
| Text | t Books | |
| 1 | Yogesh Singh, "Software Testing", Cambridge University Press, 2011/L | atestEdition |
| 2 | Paul C. Jorgensen, "Software Testing: A Craftsman's Approach", Auer Publications; 3 rd Edition, 2013/Latest Edition | bach |
| Refe | erence Books | |
| 1 | Ilene Burnstein, "Practical Software Testing: A Process-Oriented Approx 2003/Latest Edition. | ach", Springer, |
| 2 | Aditya P. Mathur, "Foundations of Software Testing", Prentice Hall 2008 | /Latest Edition. |

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

Course Code: BIT- 407 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC Credits: 4 Semester: 7

Introduction:

Our ability to handle Big Data has increased the strategic value of data. Companies employ Big Data technologies for a wide range of analytics, descriptive, predictive and prescriptive, based on their data assets. Collection, storage and retrieval of data assets and processing them in reasonable response time is crucial today. This course deals with volume, variety and velocity aspects of Big Data. It exposes students to basic techniques for managing and processing such data.

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course students should demonstrate the ability to manage big data and process it.

Pre-Requisites:

Essential: Distributed Systems, Data warehouse Desirable: NoSQL Databases

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Perform data gathering of large data from a range of data sources.

- **CO2:** Critically analyse existing Big Data datasets and implementations, taking practicality, and usefulness metrics into consideration.
- CO3: Understand the role of statistics in the analysis of large of datasets.
- **CO4:** Apply suitable statistical measures and analyses techniques for data of various structure and content and present summary statistics.

Pedagogy:

The course will be delivered in workshop mode with lecture material and problem-solving exercises suitably interspersed during lecture contact hours. Tutorial work shall be pen and paper problem solving as well as coding exercises. Take home work shall be oriented to use of tools based on lecture content. Students shall install and learn to use these independently. There shall be about 5 hours per week of take-home work.

| | 10 hours |
|--|-------------------------|
| Introduction: Need for Big Data, Structured and unstructured Big Data, Limi | tations of conventional |
| data management and processing techniques for handling Big Data. | |
| Data Streams: Real time stream Data; Issues with streams of data, Data | Stream Management |
| Systems, Concept of Windows: Time based windows, Tuple count based w | vindows, Movement of |
| windows- fixed, sliding, Tumbling, Hoping; Event streaming: architectu | re, events, producers, |
| consumers. Use in website activity tracking, stream processing, stream qu | ery processing |
| | |
| Unit II | 8 hours |
| Data Warehouse for Big Data:Review of dimensional modeling, bus, hub a | and spoke architecture, |
| ETL for real time DW, Big Data clusters; Cloud Warehousing: Cloud ve | rsus on-prem storage, |
| setting up 'Infrastructure as code' | |
| Unit III | 11 hours |
| Data Lakes: Data Lakes versus Data Warehouse, Lambda and Kappa Ar | chitectures, Meta data |
| management, Curating, designing and deriving value from data lakes, Data | pipelines: ETL versus |
| ELT, streaming data pipelines, scheduling batch data pipelines, automate | d data pipelines. Data |
| governance | 1 1 |
| Data Virtualization: Need for data virtualization, architecture, abstraction | n, views and services. |
| design principles, defining specifications for transformations | , , , |
| Unit IV | 11 hours |
| Map Reduce Framework: Distributed Processing with Hadoop Framewor | k; Architecture; Basic |
| Programs on Read and Write, architecture of a MR job, Mapper, Reducer. | Combiner. Partitioner |
| Interfaces: Use of distributed relational Store: HIVE architecture and feature | res: different types of |
| tables and implications: data types: basic queries | |
| Societal Issues with Big Data: Data rights, policy and regulation: data | and ethics, data and |
| communication. Data as a strategic resource | |
| Text Books | |
| 1. Gorelik A., The Enterprise Big Data Lake, O'Reilly/Latest Edition | |
| | 1.1 1.1 1.4 |
| 2. Marz N. and Warren J., Big Data: Principles and best practices of scala | ible realtime data |
| systems, Manning Publications/Latest Edition | |
| 3. Erl T. Khattak W., Buhler P., Big Data Fundamentals: Concepts, Drive | rs & Techniques, The |
| Pearson Service Technology Series from Thomas ERL/Latest Edition | |
| Reference Books | |
| 1. DT Editorial Services, Big Data, Black Book, Dreamtech Press/Latest I | Edition |
| | |

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

Course Code: BIT- 409 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC Credits: 4 Semester: 7

Introduction:

This course deals with distributed system architecture, enabling technologies for distributed systems, and the applications that can be built on distributed systems. It forms essential background for modern technology that puts computer networks to productive use, for example, service orientation, cloud and edge computing, NoSQL data bases, IoT middleware, and handling Big Data. The course shall introduce students to a selection of these areas through specific examples and situations

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course students should demonstrate the ability to provide support for development of distributed systems and distributed applications

Pre-Requisites:

Operating Systems, Computer Networks, Relational DBMS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To provide hardware and software issues in modern distributed systems.

- **CO2:** To get knowledge in distributed architecture, naming, synchronization, consistency and Replication, fault tolerance, security, and distributed file systems.
- CO3: To analyze the current popular distributed systems such as peer-to-peer (P2P) systems.
- CO4: To know about Shared Memory Techniques

Pedagogy:

The course will be delivered in workshop mode with lecture material and problem-solving exercises suitably interspersed during lecture contact hours. Tutorial work shall be pen and paper problem solving as well as implementing/simulating components of distributed systems. Take home work shall be either specific assignments or extensions of tutorial work and students should expect about 5 hours per week of take-home work.

| I Init I | 7 hours |
|--|----------------------------|
| Introduction: Network OS versus Distributed systems definition Trans | narency levels scalability |
| transaction systems enterprise application integration pervasive system | oms |
| Architecture styles: Lavered Object oriented event based shared data | a space centralized client |
| server structured/unstructured neer to neer edge server systems | a space, centralized chem |
| Init II | 10 hours |
| Communication and Sunahranization: Dhysical clocks, Clock sunahraniz | To hours |
| algorithms NTD Logical algorithm Edge's algorithm | Clobal state |
| Remote Procedure Calle DML massage oriented paraistent and transfer | illi, Giobal state. |
| oriented communication | n communication, Stream |
| Coordination manual coordinator Election: Bully algorithm ring algo | rithm: Mutual Evaluation: |
| via controlized server, completely distributed logical tokon ring | minin, Mutuai Exclusion. |
| Distributed Transactions: Primitive transaction operations, structure | role of logs transaction |
| Distributed Transactions. Finnitive transaction operations, structure, | Tote of logs, transaction |
| | 11 hours |
| Consistency and Danliastian. Data contria Madala, strict, as quantial (| Cancel EIEO Week and |
| Data centric Models: strict, sequential. | Causal, FIFO, weak and |
| Release consistency; User Centric Models: Continuous, Eventual, Mo | notonic Read, Monotonic |
| write, write, read your writes, writes follow reads. ACID and BASE | |
| Replication: permanent replicas, Client initiated, server-initiated repli | cas, Update propagation: |
| push pull, epidemic protocol, remote write and local write | |
| Reliable group communication, 2 and 3 phase commit protocols | |
| Unit IV | 12 hours |
| Distributed File Systems: Files in Client server model, cluster based, | symmetric, NFS model, |
| naming and automounting, file sharing and replication, Peer to Peer system | stems, Byzantine failures, |
| security and authentication | |
| Distributed Databases: Vertical, horizontal, hybrid partitioning, C | RUD operations, query |
| optimization, Master slave, peer to peer architectures, CAP theorem | |
| Distributed Web: Web clients and servers, HTTP connections, met | hods, messaging, SOAP, |
| naming, proxy caching, replication, security | |
| Text Books | |
| 1. Tanenbaum A.S., and Steen M.V., "Distributed Systems: Principles | and Paradigms", Prentice |
| Hall. Also Pearson Education/Latest Edition | |
| 2. Colouris G. Dollimore J., Kindberg T., Blair G., "Distributed System | s: Concepts and Design", |
| Addison Wesley; also Pearson Education/Latest Edition | |
| Reference Books | |
| 1. Sukumar Ghosh, "Distributed Systems: An Algorithmic Approach" C | Chapman and Hall/CRC; 2 |
| edition, 2014 /Latest Edition | - |
| 2. Mukesh Singhal and N. G. Shivaratri, Singhal and Shivaratri, "Advand | ced Concepts in Operating |
| Systems", McGraw Hill, 2001/Latest Edition | |

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

Course Code: BEC- 409 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC Credits: 4 Semester: 7

Introduction:

This course aims at learning and understanding the fundamentals of digital image processing, and various image transforms, image enhancement techniques, image restoration techniques and methods, image compression and segmentation used in digital image processing.

Course Objective:

- The fundamentals of digital image processing.
- Image transform used in digital image processing.
- Image enhancement techniques used in digital image processing.
- Image restoration techniques and methods used in digital image processing.
- Image compression and segmentation used in digital image processing.

<u>**Pre-requisite:**</u> Linear signals and systems, digital signal processing, basic linear algebra, basic probability theory and basic programming techniques.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Discuss digital image fundamentals.

CO2: Apply image enhancement and restoration techniques.

CO3: Use image compression and segmentation techniques.

CO4: Represent features of images.

Pedagogy:

The class will be taught using theory and tutorial-based methods which includes board teaching and presentations/slides, discussions, case studies etc. Along with classroom teaching, students will also be given assignments regarding the topics covered.

UNIT-I

Light, Brightness adaption and discrimination, Pixels, coordinate conventions, Imaging Geometry, Perspective Projection, Spatial Domain Filtering, sampling and quantization. Intensity transformations, contrast stretching, histogram equalization, Correlation and convolution, Smoothing filters, sharpening filters, gradient and Laplacian. Fourier Transforms and properties, FFT (Decimation in Frequency and Decimation in Time Techniques), Convolution, Correlation, 2-D sampling, Discrete Cosine Transform, Frequency domain filtering.

UNIT-II

Basic Framework, Interactive Restoration, Image deformation and geometric transformations, image morphing, Restoration techniques, Noise characterization, Noise restoration filters, Adaptive filters, Linear, Position invariant degradations, Estimation of Degradation functions, Restoration from projections. Types of redundancies, Lossy and Lossless compression, Entropy of an information source, Shannon's 1st Theorem, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW coding.

UNIT-III

10 Hours

10 Hours

10 Hours

Transform Coding, Sub-image size selection, blocking artifacts, DCT implementation using FFT, Run length coding, Symbol-based coding, Bit-plane encoding, Bit-allocation, Zonal Coding, Threshold Coding, JPEG, Lossless predictive coding, Lossy predictive coding, Motion Compensation, Multi-resolution analysis, Scaling functions, Wavelet series expansion, Transform(DWT), Continuous Wavelet Transform, Fast Wavelet Transform, 2-D wavelet Transform.

UNIT-IV

Bit plane slicing, Digital Watermarking, information-hiding capacity, Wavelet transformation, Use of energy-based embedding using wavelet coefficients, Spread spectrum watermarking. Steganalysis, Steganography

| Text B | Books | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Rafael C Gonzalez and Richard E Woods, "Digital Image Processing", 4th | | |
| | edition/LatestEdition, 2018, Pearson Education/Latest Edition | | |
| 2 | A K Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", 1 st edition/Latest Edition, 2015, | | |
| | PHI/Latest Edition | | |
| Refere | Reference Books | | |
| 1 | William K Pratt, "Digital Image Processing", John Willey, 3rd edition/Latest Edition, | | |
| | 2004/Latest Edition | | |
| 2 | Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, "Image Processing Analysis and Machine | | |
| | Vision"- Thompson Learning, 4th edition/Latest Edition, 2017/Latest Edition. | | |

10 Hours

SOFT COMPUTING

Course Code: BIT- 405 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC Credits: 4 Semester: 7

Introduction:

This course aims at introducing the fundamental theory and concepts of computational intelligence methods, in particular neural networks, fuzzy systems, genetic algorithms and their applications in the area of machine intelligence.

Course Objectives:

- To provide an introduction to the basic principles, techniques, and applications of soft computing.
- To provide an understanding of the basic areas of Soft Computing including Artificial NeuralNetworks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms.
- To provide the mathematical background for carrying out the optimization associated with neu-ral network learning.
- To develop some familiarity with current research problems and research methods in Soft Com-puting by working on a research or design project.

Pre-requisite: Artificial Intelligence, Data Structures and Algorithms, Programming languages.

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Apply Fuzzy Logic, approximate reasoning and fuzzy inference systems to various applicationdomains such as user's behavioural modelling, decision making systems, etc.
- **CO2:** Explain the fundamental concepts and various learning algorithms of supervised, unsupervised and associative memory networks in Artificial Neural Networks.
- **CO3:** Apply evolutionary algorithms such as Genetic algorithms for solving optimization, path findingproblems, etc.
- **CO4:** Design and implement new variants of existing Heuristic and Metaheuristic algorithms through demonstration projects on real world problems.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped class room teaching will be adopted

| Unit I | 11 Hours |
|---|-----------------|
| Introduction of soft computing, soft computing vs. hard computing, various | types of soft |
| computing techniques. Differential Evolution, Hill Climbing, Tabu Search, Cu | ickoo Search, |
| Harmony Search, PSO, ACO, Bat algorithm, Artificial Bee Colony optim | ization, meta |
| heuristic algorithms: applications to solve complex problems. | |
| Unit II | 10 Hours |
| Fuzzy Set Theory: Fuzzy set theory, Fuzzy set versus crisp set, Crisp relation | & fuzzy |
| relations, introduction & features of membership functions, Extension Principle, | Fuzzy If- |
| Then Rules, Fuzzy | |
| Inference Systems, Sugeno Fuzzy Models, Fuzzification, Defuzzification, Appl | ications, Fuzzy |
| clustering, cluster validity measures. | |
| Unit III | 10 Hours |
| Genetic Algorithm: Difference between Traditional Algorithms and GA, The ba | sic operators, |
| Schema theorem, convergence analysis, stochastic models, applications in | search and |
| optimization. | |
| Encoding, Fitness Function, Reproduction, Cross Over, Mutation. | |
| Unit IV | 12 Hours |
| Bayesian Networks, Probabilistic reasoning, Neural Networks: NN vs ANN, Learn | ningnetworks |
| of ANN – Perceptron's - Adaline – Back Propagation, Multilayer Perceptron, | Unsupervised |
| Learning Neural Networks. | |
| Text Books | |
| 1. S. N. Sivanandam and S. N. Deepa, "Principles of Soft Computing", 2 nd | Edition/ Latest |
| edition, Wiley - India, 2011/Latest Edition. | |
| 2. S. Rajasekaran, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Systems and Evolutionary Algorit | hms: Synthesis |
| and Applications", 2 nd Edition/ Latest edition, PHI Learning, 2017/Latest Edition | on. |
| 3. Honbo Zhou,"The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspe | ective", Latest |
| edition, CRC Press, 2012/Latest Edition | |
| Reference Books | |
| 1. N. P. Padhy and S.P. Simon, "Soft Computing techniques with MATLAB | programming", |
| UK Edition/ Latest edition, Oxford University Press, 2015/Latest Edition. | |
| 2 X Wang X Z Gao and K Zenger "An introduction to harmony searc | h ontimization |
| 2. M. Wung, M. Z. Guo und M. Zenger, "In muoduedon to numony search | in optimization |

| Software Project Management | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT 413 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 7 | |
| Course Category: DEC | | |

This course is aimed at introducing the primary important concepts of project management related to managing software development projects. The main objective of this course is to help the students to learn how to successfully plan and implement a software project management activity, and to complete a specific project in time with the available budget.

Prerequisite: Knowledge of Software Engineering, Basic Programming Course

Course Objective:

- To learn software project management phases.
- To establish a project plan and then execute that plan to accomplish the project objective.
- To create a work breakdown structure, assign responsibility, define specific activities and sequencing them for a software project.
- To learn planning and estimation and scheduling of software project activity components, resources and durations.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- **CO1**: Apply techniques for controlling and enhancing the software development process.
- **CO2**: Understand the essential project management stages and problems that could make an IT project successful or unsuccessful.
- CO3: Understand project management principles and methods in an IT project.
- **CO4**: Understand the project's business context and extent, choose the best project management strategy.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations, and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the subject. The use of ICT and web-based sources will be adopted.

| UNIT-1 1 | 0 Hours | |
|--|--|--|
| Introduction and Software Project Planning : Fundamentals of Software Project Management (SPM), Need Identification, Vision and Scope document, Project Management Cycle, SPM Objectives, Management Spectrum, SPM Framework, Software Project Planning, Planning Objectives, Project Plan, Types of project plan, Structure of a Software Project Management Plan, Software project estimation, Estimation methods, Estimation models, Decision process. | | |
| UNIT-II 1 | 1 Hours | |
| Project Organization and Scheduling: Project Elements, Work Breakdown Structure Types of WBS, Functions, Activities and Tasks, Project Life Cycle and Product Life Cyc to Organize Personnel, Project schedule, Scheduling Objectives, Building the project s Scheduling terminology and techniques, Network Diagrams: PERT, Monte Carlo Approac Bar Charts: Milestone Charts, Gantt Charts. | e (WBS), ele, Ways schedule, ch, CPM, | |
| UNIT-III 1 | 1 Hours | |
| Project Monitoring and Control : Dimensions of Project Monitoring & Control, Earned Value Analysis, Earned Value Indicators: 23 Budgeted Cost for Work Scheduled (BCWS), Cost Variance (CV), Schedule Variance (SV), Cost Performance Index (CPI), Schedule Performance Index (SPI), Interpretation of Earned Value Indicators, Error Tracking, Software Reviews, Types of Review: Inspections, Deskchecks, Walk through, Code Reviews, Pair Programming. Types of Resources, Identifying Resource Requirements, Resource Scheduling. | | |
| UNIT-IV 1 | 0 Hours | |
| Software Quality Assurance and Testing : Testing Objectives& Principles, Test Plans, Test Cases, Types of Testing, Levels of Testing, Test Strategies, Program Correctness, Program Verification & validation, Testing Automation & Testing Tools, Concept of Software Quality, Software Quality Attributes, Software Quality Metrics and Indicators, The SEI Capability Maturity Model CMM), SQA Activities, Formal SQA Approaches: Proof of correctness, Statistical quality assurance, Clean room process. Project Management and Project Management Tools: Software Configuration Management, Risk Management, Cost Benefit Analysis, Software Project Management Tools: CASE Tools, Planning and Scheduling Tools, MS-Project. | | |
| Text Books | | |
| 1 Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, McGraw Hill Edu Sixth edition ,2017/Latest Edition | ication; | |
| 2 Software Project Management in Practice, Pankaj Jalote, Addison-Wesley; 1st ed ,2002/Latest Edition | dition | |
| 3 Software Project Management, Walker Royce, Pearson Education, 1998/Latest H | Edition. | |
| Reference Books | | |
| | | |
| 1 Software Engineering Project Management, Richard H. Thayer & Edward Yourd second edition, Wiley India, 2004/Latest Edition. | lon, | |
| Software Engineering Project Management, Richard H. Thayer & Edward Yourd second edition, Wiley India, 2004/Latest Edition. Agile Project Management, Jim Highsmith, Pearson education, 2004/Latest Edition | don, ion. | |

| ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS |
|----------------------------|
|----------------------------|

| Course Code: BIT- 415 | Credits: 4 |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 7 |
| Course Category: DEC | |

This course covers general issues of design and implementation of advanced modern operating systems. The focus is on issues that are critical to the applications of distributed systems and computer networks, which include inter-process communication, distributed processing, sharing and replication of data and files.

Course Objective:

The aim of this module is to study, learn, and understand the main concepts of advanced operating systems (parallel processing systems, distributed systems, real time systems, network operating systems, and open-source operating systems); Hardware and software features that support these systems.

Pre-requisite: Basic Operating Systems course.

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the advanced concepts of distributed operating systems.

CO2: Understand the idea of networking of computers, inter-process communication & network OS. **CO3:** Learn the topics related to cloud computing, mobile computing & real-time operatingsystems. **CO4:** Study the basics of embedded OS, grid & cluster computing.

Pedagogy:

The class will be taught using theory and tutorial-based methods which includes boardteaching and presentations/slides, discussions, case studies etc. Along with classroomteaching, students will also be given assignments regarding the topics covered.

UNIT-I

10 Hours

10 Hours

10 Hours

Multiprocessor & Distributed Operating Systems: Introduction, Architecture, Organization, Resource sharing, Load balancing, Availability & Fault tolerance, design & development challenges, Inter-process communication, distributed applications, mutual exclusion, distributed file systems.

UNIT-II

Real time & Embedded operating systems: Introduction, hardware elements, structureinterrupt driven, nanokernel, microkernel, monolithic kernel-based models, schedulingperiodic, aperiodic & sporadic tasks, introduction to energy aware CPU scheduling.

UNIT-III

Cluster & Grid computing: Introduction to cluster computing & MOSIX OS, introduction to the grid, grid architecture. Computing Platforms: Operating Systems & Network Interfaces, grid monitoring & scheduling, performance analysis, case studies.

UNIT-IV

Cloud Computing: Introduction to cloud, cloud building blocks, cloud as IaaS, PaaS, SaaS, Hardware & software virtualization, virtualization of OS- Hypervisor KVM, SAN, NAS backend concepts.

Mobile Computing: Introduction, Design principles, structure, platform, features of mobile OS (Android, IOS, Windows Mobile OS)

| Text | Books | |
|------|-------|--|
| | | |

| 1 | Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Modern operating system", PHI, Latest Edition ,2017/Latest | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | Edition | | |
| 2 | Andrew S. Tanenbaum and Van Steen. "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", | | |
| | Prentice Hall, Latest Edition, 2017. | | |
| 3 | Silberschatz and Galvin, "Operating System Concepts", John Wiley, 9th Ed./ Latest | | |
| | Edition, 2016 | | |
| Ref | Reference Books | | |
| 1 | Tannenbaum, "Operating Systems Design and Implementation", Pearson, 3rd Edition/ | | |
| | Latest Edition, 2007. | | |
| 2 | William Stallings, "Operating Systems Internals & Design Principles", Pearson Education, | | |
| | 9th Ed./ Latest Edition, 2018 | | |
| 3 | Madnick E. and Donovan J., "Operating Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, Latest Edition, | | |
| | | | |

10 Hours

| E-Com | merce |
|---|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BIT- 417 Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 7 |

E-commerce is abbreviated for Electronic Commerce. Its function is the transference of financial and other commerce related information using Information Technology and Telecommunications. E-Commerce helps to simplify the business processes and makes them faster and efficient. These business transactions occur either as business-to-business (B2B), business-to-consumer (B2C), consumer-to-consumer (C2C) or consumer-to-business (C2B). Benefits of e-commerce include its around-the-clock availability, the speed of access, the wide availability of goods and services for the consumer, easy accessibility and international reach.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the advantages and disadvantages of using e-commerce platforms.
- To learn various e-business strategies.
- To understand the various payment methods associated with e-commerce.
- To learn the concepts of security at various levels of e-commerce.

Pre-requisite: Knowledge on the basics of Information Security, Networking

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the basic concepts and principles of e-commerce.

CO2: Compare the advantages and disadvantages of using e-commerce platforms.

CO3: Understand various e-business strategies.

CO4: Identify security and privacy issues in e-commerce.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped classroom teaching will be adopted.

| UNIT I | 10 hours | |
|---|--|--|
| Electronic Commerce Introduction : - Definition of E- Commerce, Electronic commerce and Physical Commerce, Architectural framework, Impact of E-commerce on business, different typeof e-commerce, some e-commerce scenario, Economic potential of electronic commerce, Advantages and Disadvantages, Incentives for engaging in electronic commerce, forces behind E-Commerce | | |
| UNIT II | 10 hours | |
| E-business strategy : Introduction, Characteristics of e-Business, Business in E-commerce, e-business Requirements, impacts of e-business, Strategic poss e-business strategies, Strategic planning process, Success factors for implements strategies, CRM, MRP. ERP: Introduction, need of ERP, Modules of ERP. | models, E-Businessvs itioning, Levels of entation of e-business | |
| UNIT III | 10 hours | |
| Electronic Payment Methods : Overview, SET Protocol for credit card payment Micropayment system, Credit card, Magnetic strip card, Smart cards, Electron E-Commerce Law. Security Architecture, Encryption techniques, Symmetr Asymmetric encryption, Digital Signatures, Virtual Private Network, IPsec, T | ent, E-cash, E- check, ic Data Interchange, ric & Threats, Firewalls. | |
| | 10 hours | |
| M-Commerce : Introduction, Attributes, customer and provider views, Architecture, Infrastructure of m-commerce, Requirement of the m-commerce, characteristics, Mobile Information device, Mobile Computing Applications, Mobile wallet, Mobile payments, Mobile portals, Pros and Cons of m-commerce, Secure Transaction Processes: Wireless Application Protocol, Bluetooth, The role of emerging wireless LANs and 3G/4G wireless networks. | | |
| Text Books | | |
| 1. R. Kalakota, A. Whinston, "Frontiers of Electronic Commerce", 2 nd Ed Addison Wesley, 1996. | dition/Latest edition, | |
| 2. B. Mennecke and T. Strader, "Mobile Commerce: Technology, Theory and Applications", IdeaGroup, 2003/Latest edition3. | | |
| 3. D. Chaffey, "E-Business and E-Commerce Management", 3 rd Edition/Latest edition, Pearson Education, 2009. | | |
| Reference Books | | |
| 1. H. Chan, "E-Commerce Fundamentals and application", 1 st Edition/Lapublication, 2001. | atest edition, Wiley | |
| 2. Bajaj and Nag, "E-Commerce the cutting edge of Business", 2 nd Edition/I 2005. | Latest edition, TMH, | |
| 3. P. Loshin, J. Vacca, "Electronic commerce", 1st Edition/Latest edition, Fin | rewall Media, 2005. | |

| CYBER SECURITY AND FORENSICS | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT 419 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 | Semester: 7 | |
| Course Category: DEC | | |

Cyber Security and Forensics is the application of investigation and analysis techniques to gather and preserve evidence from a particular computing device in a way that is suitable for presentation in a court of law. This course provides for a broad introduction of cyber security and forensics concepts, industry best practices for information security and key security concepts that will protect an organization against fraud, data breaches and other vulnerabilities. It enables the students to gain in-depth knowledge in the field of Computer forensics & Cyber Crime.

Course Objectives:

- To maintain an appropriate level of awareness, knowledge and skill to allow students to minimize the occurrence and severity of information security incidents.
- To learn techniques used to detect, respond and prevent network intrusions.
- To identify and apply appropriate forensics tools to acquire, preserve and analyse system image.
- To protect information and information systems from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification or destruction in order to provide confidentiality, integrity and availability.
- Identify sources of evidentiary value in various evidence sources including network logs, network traffic, volatile data.

<u>**Pre-requisites:**</u> Knowledge of Computer Networking, Linux, UNIX, Understanding of Web Application Architecture and HTTP/HTTPS communication.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamentals of Cyber Security and comprehend the incident response process **CO2:** Demonstrate the difference between data acquisition techniques

- **CO3:** Apply forensic analysis tools to recover important evidence for identifying cyber-crime.
- **CO4:** Apply investigation tools and techniques for analysis of data to identify evidence related to cybercrime and use available digital forensics tools.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects presentations and quizzes. Students would be encouraged to develop an understanding of the existing real life cyber security issues and how they are solved. Emphasis would be given on assignments where students will be given numerical/programming assignments based on topics studied in previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and practice for the benefit of students. Use of ICT, web-based sources as well as blackboard teaching will be adopted.

| UNIT-I | 12 hours | |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Cyber Security Concepts, Security Goals, Security Services, Types of Cybercrime, Cyber Attack | | |
| Process, Introduction to Incident Response Process, Computer Security Incident, Goals of Incident | | |
| response, Who is involved in Incident response, Incidence Response Methodo | ology, Pre Incident | |
| preparation, Detection of Incidents, Initial response, Formulate a response strate | gy, Investigate the | |
| incident, Reporting and Resolution | | |
| UNIT-II | 10 Hours | |
| Computer Forensics Fundamentals, Data Acquisition of digital evidence from | electronic media, | |
| Acquisition tools, Evidence collection and preservation, Windows Forensics, L | ive data collection | |
| from Windows systems, Live data Collection from Unix systems | - | |
| UNIT-III | 10 Hours | |
| Sources of Digital/Electronic Evidence, Computer Forensic Analysis and Validat | ing Forensics Data, | |
| System Forensics, Network Forensics, Database Forensics, Fighting agains | t Macro Threats, | |
| Information Warfare Arsenal, Tactics of the Military | | |
| UNIT-IV | 10 Hours | |
| Malware forensics, Mobile Device Forensics, Google Forensics, Internet Forensics, Email Forensics, | | |
| Messenger Analysis, Web Forensics, Current Computer Forensics Tools: Software/Hardware Tools. | | |
| An Indian perspective on digital forensics: Indian IT act, Cyber laws. | | |
| | | |
| Text Books | | |
| 1. K Mandla, C. Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forens | ics", McGraw Hill, | |
| 2 nd Edition, 2003/Latest Edition | | |
| 2. Chad Steel, "Windows Forensics", Wiley India, 1st Edition, 2006/Latest Edition | | |
| 3. Nelson, B, Phillips, A, Enfinger, F, Stuart, C., "Guide to Computer Forensics | and Investigations, | |
| Thomson Course Technology, 4th Edition, 2009/Latest Edition | | |
| Reference Books | | |
| 1. Keith J. Jones, Richard Bejtiich, Curtis W. Rose, Real Digital Forensics, Pear | rson Education, 1st | |
| Edition, 2005/Latest Edition | | |
| 2. Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Investigation by John R. Vacca, Fire | ewall Media, New | |
| Delhi/Latest Edition | | |
| | | |

| Information and N | Network Security |
|---|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BIT- 402 Contact Hours: L-3 T-0 P-2 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 8 |

Knowing the concepts, principles and mechanisms for providing security to the information/data is very important for the students of Computer Engineering/Information technology. The goal is to cover information security topics like symmetric and asymmetric cryptography, hashing, messageand user authentication, digital signatures, key distribution and various Network Security topics like Firewalls, IPSec, VPN, IDS etc.

Course Objectives:

- Define the concepts of Information security and their use.
- Describe the principles of symmetric and asymmetric cryptography.
- Understand the concepts of hashing with algorithms and apply them.
- Understand and use the message authentication and its requirement.

Pre-requisite: Mathematical concepts: Random numbers, Number theory, finite fields.

Course Outcome: On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Understand and apply the concepts of Information Security

CO2: Understand and apply the concepts of Network Security

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, webbased resource es as well as flipped classroom teaching will be adopted.

| UNII-I | 10 Hours |
|---|---|
| Basics of Cryptography, Integer Arithmetic, Modular arithmetic, Linear Congruences, structures, GF(2n), Traditional Symmetric Key Ciphers, Active and Passive Attacks; S and Transposition techniques. Stream eighers and block eighers. Plack Cipher structures | , Algebraic bubstitution |
| Encryption standard (DES), AES, triple DES, ECB, CBC, OFB, CFB, CTR; Malicious | Software: |
| Virus, Worms, Information Theft, Keyloggers, Phishing, Spyware, Backdoors, Roo attack | tkit, DDoS |
| UNIT-II | 10 Hours |
| Public Key Cryptography: Public Key Cryptosystems with Applications, Require Cryptanalysis, RSA algorithm, its computational aspects and security, Key Distribution Management, Diffie-Hillman Key Exchange algorithm, Digital Signature, NIST digital algorithm, Public key infrastructure, ECC, El Gamal | ments and oution and Signature |
| UNIT-III | 10 Hours |
| Authentication: Authentication Requirements, Cryptographic Hash Functions their applications, Message Authentication Codes, MD5, Sec Algorithm (SHA), User Authentication: Password, Certificate based & Biometric Authentication, R authentication with symmetric and asymmetric encryption, Kerberos | and ure Hash emote use |
| UNIT-IV | 10 Hours |
| ID Sequentity: A relation the entropy of the second state of the | |
| threats and approaches; Email Security: PGP, S/MIME; Transport-level Security: Transecurity, SSL, HTTPS and SSH; Firewalls, IDS, IPS, VPN | eb Security sport layer |
| threats and approaches; Email Security: PGP, S/MIME; Transport-level Security: Transecurity, SSL, HTTPS and SSH; Firewalls, IDS, IPS, VPN Text Books | eb Security asport layer |
| threats and approaches; Email Security: PGP, S/MIME; Transport-level Security: Transecurity, SSL, HTTPS and SSH; Firewalls, IDS, IPS, VPN Text Books 1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security-Principles and Practi Edition/Latest Edition, Pearson, 2017 | eb Security sport layer ce", 6 th |
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| IF Security: Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating security Payload, we threats and approaches; Email Security: PGP, S/MIME; Transport-level Security: Transecurity, SSL, HTTPS and SSH; Firewalls, IDS, IPS, VPN Text Books William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security-Principles and Practied Edition/Latest Edition, Pearson, 2017 Behrouz A Forouzen, and Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, "Cryptography and Network Stallings, "Information System Security: Security Management, Metrics, and Best Practices", 2nd Edition/Latest Edition, 2017. | eb Security isport layer ce", 6 th k Security", Frameworks |

| Requirement Estimation Theory | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: BIT-404 | Credits: 4 | |
| Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 | Semester: 8 | |
| Course Category: DEC | | |

A requirement gathering is the cornerstone of any software development project. In this course, students will gain the knowledge and skills needed to capture software requirements using clearly defined processes. They will learn to specify user and system requirements, match the process to the size of the software project, and apply quality and consistency tests to the requirements model. It will equip the students with skills and knowledge in developing, leading, designing, testing or managing a requirements initiative for a software system.

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the essential aspects of software requirements; elicitation technique, requirements analysis; software quality attributes
- Understand the software requirements management principles and practices.
- Learn the fundamental of Software estimation components, size estimation, effort, schedule ad Cost Estimation models.
- Demonstrate the techniques learned for requirements Management and estimation requirements Management for size estimation and cost estimation through case studies.

<u>Pre-requisite:</u> Introduction to Software Engineering.

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand and demonstrate essential software requirements
- **CO2:** Describe requirement analysis process of software from engineering perspective
- **CO3:** Perform cost estimation using estimation models like Function Point Analysis and COCOMO
- CO4: Apply different Techniques for software management and estimation

Pedagogy:

This course is structured around continuous progress. It will include a combination of lectures, and group activities focused on experiential learning, in-class discussions, regular assessments and case studies. The topics will be presented to students using real-world scenarios and problem-solving activities

| UNIT-I 10 Software Requirements: Why has Requirement Engineering Become so important? INdustrila challenges in Requirements, Requirement Engineering and Artifact Modelling, Eliciting Requirements, Interview, IBIS, CORE, FODA, SSM, Model Driven Requirements Engineering, MDRE Process, Elicitation and Analysis Model Heuristics, Determining Model Completeness, Quality Attribute Requirements. UNIT-II 11 Requirement Management, Change Management, Requirements Management Activities, Traceability, Creation of Requirements Management, Requirement-Driven System Testing, Process, Software Measurement, Why Measurement, Measurement Foundations, Making Measurement a success, Simple effective Measurement Process, Planning the Measurement Process, Planning with Measurement Frameworks, ISO 15939, CMMI, GQM Approach, CAME Approach. 11 UNIT-III 11 Hours 10 Software Estimation techniques and Estimate Planning, Executing the estimate, Software sizing, Planning and controlling the project via the Estimate, SLOC, LogicalSLOC counting Details, Function Point Sizing. International Function Point Approach UNIT-IV 10 Boftware Cost Estimation Methods: heuristic approach, parametric approach COCOMO, COCOMO II, strategy and rationale, Development Effort Estimates, Software Economics and Diseconomices of Scale, Cost Factors, Application Composition Model, Early Design Model, Post-Architecture Model, Case study, Software Cost-Estimating Research Issues 1 Brian Berenbach , Daniel Paulish , Juergen Kazmeier , Armold Rudorfer : Software & Systems Requirements Engineering: In Practice Hardcover – March 26, 2009/Latest Edition 2 Ma. Parthasarathy: Pract | | | |
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NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

Course Code: BCS 406 Contact Hours: L- 3 T-1 P-0 Course Category: DEC Credits: 4 Semester: 8

Introduction:

This course aims at teaching the basics about processing of Natural Languages. Natural language processing is the feature of 5th Generation Computer and is part of Artificial intelligence. It teaches about the different phases of natural language processing, methodologies, algorithms, data structures used for Natural Language Processing.

Course Objectives:

- To provide an introduction to the basic principles, techniques, and applications of Natural Language Processing.
- To provide an understanding of the basic phases of natural language processing like morphological analysis, syntactic analysis, semantic analysis, pragmatic analysis
- To teach algorithms and data structures etc for performing syntactic analysis, semantic analysis.
- To understand about grammars and their hierarchy.
- To teach about the latest tools of NLP like Word Net, concept of WSD, Hindi WORDNET etc.

<u>Pre-requisites:</u> Artificial Intelligence, Data structures and algorithms, programming languages.

<u>Course Outcomes</u>: After completion of the course the students will be able to: CO1: To provide an introduction to the basic principles, techniques, and applications of Natural Language Processing.

CO2: To provide an understanding of the basic phases of natural language processing like morphological analysis, syntactic analysis, semantic analysis, pragmatic analysis **CO3**: To teach algorithms and data structures etc for performing syntactic analysis, semantic analysis.

CO4: To understand about grammars and their hierarchy.

CO5:To teach about the latest tools of NLP like Word Net, concept of WSD , Hindi WORDNET etc.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped class room teaching will be adopted.

| UN | NT-I | 10 Hours | |
|---|---|----------|--|
| Introduction: Basic concepts of Natural language Processing, evolution of NLP, issues and challenges in NLP, basic concepts of phases of natural language processing morphological analysis, syntactic analysis, semantic analysis, pragmatic analysis, tools and techniques used for performing these analysis, ambiguities, Types of ambiguities | | | |
| UN | NIT-II | 11 Hours | |
| Syntactic analysis: Concept of Grammars, Chomsky hierarchy of grammars, concept of parsing, top down parsing, bottom up parsing, bidirectional parsing, generating parse tree, data structures and algorithms used for parsing, tokeniser Case study of parsers of NLP systems like ELIZA, LUNAR | | | |
| UN | NIT-III | 11 Hours | |
| Semantic Analysis : understanding meaning, CASE grammars, transformational grammars used for performing semantic analysis. Resolving ambiguities to generate correct meaning, Word Sense Disambiguation Case study of Toolkit of word sense disambiguation used in WORDNET | | | |
| UN | UNIT-IV 10 Hours | | |
| Software tools for Performing NLP: English WORDNET, components of WorldNet understanding NLTK tool for using wordnet, HINDI wordnet, Indian Govt initiative for language analysis and machine translation | | | |
| Text Books | | | |
| 1 | Allen, James, "Natural Language Understanding", Second Edition, Benja Cumming, 1995/Latest Edition. | umin/ | |
| 2 | Jurafsky, Danand Martin, James," Speech and Language Processing", Second Edition, Pre ntice Hall, 2008/Latest Edition | | |
| 3 | Ela Kumar, "Natural Language Processing", IK international Publication, second edition 2014/Latest Edition | | |
| Re | Reference Books | | |
| 1 | Bharati Akshar, Chaitanya Vineet, Sangal, Rajeev, "Natural Language Processing: A Paninian Perspective", Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited; EASTERN ECONOMY ed. edition, 1995/Latest Edition | | |
| 2 | Philipp Koehn, Statistical Machine Translation, Cambridge University Press; 1st edition ,2009/Latest Edition | | |
| 3 | U.S. Tiwari and Tanveer Siddiqui, Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, Oxford UniversityPress,2008/Latest Edition. | | |

| Generic Open Elective Course | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Course Code: GEC-402 | Credits: 2 | |
| Contact Hours: L-0 T-0 P-4 | Semester: 8 | |
| L-0 T-2 P-0 | | |
| L-2 T-0 P-0 | | |
| Course Category: GEC | | |

A Generic Elective (GE) course is an inter-disciplinary course provided to the students chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject and allowing them a chance at comprehensive education. GEs are introduced as part of the CBCS. The students can choose their preference from a pool of courses from various disciplines/subjects. Elective courses do much more than filling in the gaps to fulfill the high school graduation requirements. It gives a chance to explore new options, allowing students to study more about the subject they are passionate about, and enables them to 'test drive' new activities. They provide students with the necessary skills to improve creativity that they might not find in the classroom. The main purpose of the elective course is to seek exposure to a new discipline/subject and to provide the students with an alternative option for desired fields.

Course objectives:

- Students will have exposure to a new discipline/subject.
- Prepare students to look for inter-disciplinary research.
- Fulfill the limitation to pursue master's study in desired field.
- Help discover new things that never existed and might change the course of student's life.

Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of the selected domain of elective course.

Course Outcomes: After completion of the elective course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Identify new discipline and learn new subject for future careers.
- CO2: Apply their knowledge to understand and solve the real life problems.
- **CO3**: Analyse creative design process through the integration and application of diverse technical knowledge and expertise to address social issues.
- **CO4:** Develop the habit of working independently to attain self-motivation, discipline, and confidence to achieve their goals.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped class room teaching will be adopted.

| Cryptog | graphy |
|---|---------------------------|
| Course Code: BIT- 410 Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 8 |

This course will introduce students to basic building blocks of cryptography and applications of cryptographic protocols in real world. The focus will be on how cryptography and its application can maintain privacy and security in electronic communications and computer networks.

Course Objective:

- To understand the fundamentals of Cryptography
- To acquire knowledge on standard algorithms used to provide confidentiality, integrity and authenticity
- To explain and use modern cryptographic methods (symmetric encryption, public key encryption, hash functions, key management, digital signatures, certificates)
- To discuss electronic mail security, SSL/TLS and recent developments affecting security and privacy on the Internet.

Pre-requisite: None

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand applied cryptographic basics.

- **CO2:** Analyze and differentiate between public-key and private key cryptosystems.
- **CO3:** Evaluate security mechanisms using rigorous approaches by key ciphers and hash functions.
- **CO4:** Design cryptographic protocols to solve real world problems.

Pedagogy:

Emphasis on lab sessions where students will be given programming assignments to code in lab based on topics learnt in previous lectures.

| UNIT-I | | 10 Hours | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course Introduction and terminology, Conventional Cryptography: Definitions, Classical | | | | | | |
| encryption techniques, One time pad, Perfect Secrecy, DES, Triple DES, Finite fields, AES, Modes | | | | | | |
| of Encry | of Encryption | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | [| 11 Hours | | | | |
| Asymmetric Cryptography: Number Theory, public key cryptography: RSA, ElGamal, and Elliptic | | | | | | |
| Curve C | ryptography, Diffie Hellman Key management , Digital Certificate | s: X.509 | | | | |
| UNIT-I | II | 11 Hours | | | | |
| Stream Ciphers, LFSR based stream ciphers, Message Authentication Codes, Hash functions, Hash | | | | | | |
| algorithr | ns, Digital Signatures and Authentication Protocols, Firewalls | | | | | |
| UNIT-I | V | 10 Hours | | | | |
| Intrusion | n Detection, PGP, S/MIME, Key Management, Kerberos, IPSec, | SSL/TLS, Password | | | | |
| Hashing | and Management | | | | | |
| Text Bo | oks | | | | | |
| 1 V | W Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Pra | actice, 7/e", Prentice | | | | |
| H | Hall, 2017/Latest Edition | | | | | |
| 2 E | B. Forouzan, D. Mukhopadhyay, "Cryptography and Network Secu | rity 2/e", McGraw | | | | |
| H | Hill/Latest Edition | | | | | |
| 3 E | Bernard Menezes, "Network Security and Cryptography 2/e", Cenege Learning, | | | | | |
| 2 | 012/Latest Edition. | | | | | |
| Reference Books | | | | | | |
| 1 A | A. Menezes, P. van Oorschot, S. Vanstone. "Handbook of Applied | Cryptography,2/e", | | | | |
| | CRC press, 2018/Latest Edition. | | | | | |
| 2 D | Douglas R. Stinson, "Cryptography: Theory and Practice 3/e", CRC | Press, 2006/Latest | | | | |
| E | Edition | | | | | |
| 3 E | 3. Schneier. "Applied Cryptography, 2/e", John Wiley & Sons, Inc., | 2015/Latest Edition | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| Quantum Computing | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course Code: BCS- 410 Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-0 Course Category: Elective | Credits: 4 Semester: 8 | | | | |

Quantum computation captured the imagination of computer scientists with the discovery of efficient quantum algorithms for factoring and fast algorithm for search. Quantum computing exploits the quantum mechanical nature of matter to simultaneously exist in multiple possible states. Building up on the digital binary logic of bits, quantum computing is built on the basis of interacting two-level quantum systems or 'qubits' that follow the laws of quantum mechanics. Addressability of the quantum system and its fragility to fidelity are the major issues of concern, which if addressed appropriately, will enable this new approach to revolutionize the present form of computing. The aim of quantum computing is to do computation using the quantum mechanical effects.

Course Objective:

- To impart the basic understanding of quantum mechanics and its usage in quantum computing.
- To provide the general introduction to the algebra of complex vector spaces.
- To simulate quantum computing algorithms using IBM Qiskit Technology.
- To give insights to conceive and model quantum systems on their own for societal applications.

<u>Pre-requisite:</u> Binary Digital Logic, Linear Algebra, Algorithms Design, Probability and Statistics

Course Outcome: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

CO1: Learn the fundamentals of quantum computing and quantum mechanics;

CO2: Explain the basics of quantum circuits, quantum information, and cryptography;

CO3: Analyze existing quantum algorithms and evaluate their performance in different domains.

CO4: Design and analyze quantum algorithms incorporating noise and error correction.

Pedagogy:

Course teaching and learning through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects and quizzes. Encouragement to the students for developing an understanding and simulations of the existing quantum computational models. Emphasis on mathematical and programming assignments based on topics from previous lectures. Course will have a blend of theory and lab practice for the benefit of students. Use of ICT, web-based sources as well as blackboard teaching will be adopted.

| In pr rej Ba en M | troduction to Quantum Computation : Classical deterministic system obabilistic systems, quantum systems, basic quantum theory. Quantum bits, B presentation of a qubit, multiple qubits. ackground Mathematics and Physics : Hilber space, Probabilities and mea- tanglement, density operators and correlation, basics of quantum easurements in bases other than computational basis. | s, classical loch sphere asurements, mechanics, | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| U | NIT-II | 11 Hours | | |
| Quantum Circuits: single qubit gates, multiple qubit gates, design of quantum circuits, classical gates, quantum gates. Quantum Information and Cryptography: Comparison between classical and quantum information theory. Bell states. Quantum teleportation. Quantum Cryptography, no cloning theorem. Asymmetric and symmetric encryption, quantum key distribution. | | | | |
| Ul | NIT-III | 11 Hours | | |
| Quantum Algorithms : Classical computation on quantum computers. Relationship between quantum and classical complexity classes. Quantum circuits, reversibility of quantum circuits, power of quantum algorithms, Deutsch's algorithm, Deutsch's-Jozsa algorithm, Shor factorization, Grover search, applications of quantum algorithms. | | | | |
| Ul | NIT-IV | 10 Hours | | |
| Noise and error correction: Graph states and codes, Quantum error correction, fault- tolerant computation, Single-Qubit Errors, Quantum Operations and Krauss Operators, The Depolarization Channel, The Bit Flip and Phase Flip Channels, Amplitude Damping, Phase Damping. | | | | |
| Te | ext Books | | | |
| 1 | Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge Press, 2002/Latest Edition. | e University | | |
| 2 | Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol. I: Basic Concepts, Vol II: Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific, 2004/Latest Edition. | | | |
| 3 | Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms 2 Edition. | 2000/Latest | | |
| R | eference Books | | | |
| 1 | Quantum Computation and Quantum Information. Michael A. Nielsen, Isaac L. Chuang. Cambridge University Press, Dec 9, 2010 - Science/Latest Edition. | | | |
| 2 | An Introduction to Quantum Computing. Phillip Kaye, Raymond Laflamme, Michele Mosca. Oxford University Press Inc., New York, 2007/Latest Edition. | | | |
| 3 | Quantum Computing: An Applied Approach. Jack D. Hidary. Springer; 1s edition (20 September 2019) /Latest Edition. | st ed. 2019 | | |

10 Hours

UNIT-I

| Computational Optimization Techniques | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Course Code: BCS- 412 Contact Hours: L-3 T-1 P-2 Course Category: DEC | Credits: 4 Semester: 8 | | | |

The aim of this course is to have some basic understanding of mathematical concepts of optimization and having skills necessary to solve and interpret optimization problems in engineering.

Course Objectives:

- To explain the basic mathematical concepts of optimization.
- To develop the modelling skills necessary to describe and formulate optimization problems.
- To conduct and interpret the post optimal and sensitivity analysis and explain the primal-dual relationship.
- To provide the skills necessary to solve and interpret optimization problems in engineering.

<u>Pre-requisites</u>: Exposure to relevant concepts at undergraduate level and instructor consent.

<u>Course Outcomes:</u> After completion of the course the students will be able:

- **CO1:** To explain the basic mathematical concepts of optimization.
- **CO2:** To develop the modelling skills necessary to describe and formulate optimization problems.
- **CO3:** To conduct and interpret the post optimal and sensitivity analysis and explain the primal dual relationship.
- **CO4:** To provide the skills necessary to solve and interpret optimization problems in engineering.

Pedagogy:

The teaching-learning of the course would be organized through lectures, tutorials, assignments, projects/ presentations and quizzes. Faculty members strive to make the classes interactive so that students can correlate the theories with practical examples for better understanding. Use of ICT, web-based resources as well as flipped class room teaching will be adopted.

| UN | IT-I | 10 Hours | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Introduction: Engineering applications of optimization, statement of an optimization problem with example for minimum weight and optimum cost consideration, classification of optimization problems and techniques, Single variable optimization, multi-variable optimization with equality and inequality constraints and without constraints, Objective function, single objective function, multi objective function and optimality. | | | | |
| UN | IT-II | 11 Hours | | |
| Linear Programming: Introduction, Techniques of linear programming: Simplex method, slack variable, Revised simplex method: Duality in linear programming, decomposition principle, integer linear programming, Transportation problem, scheduling, applicationsto engineering design, real life application of optimization techniques. | | | | |
| UN | IT-III | 11 Hours | | |
| Non Linear Programming: Introduction, Basic ideas of one-Dimensional optimization problem, unconstrained and constrained optimization problem-Lagrange's multiplier, quadratic programming-wolfe's method, direct search method, descent method, conjugate gradient method various search methods, Travelling salesperson problem, descent method, steepest descent method, two person zero sum game, Maximin-Minimax principle, engineering application of optimization techniques. | | | | |
| UN | T-IV | 10 Hours | | |
| Na sim cuc algo | ture Inspired Optimization Algorithm: particle swarm optimization, ant colony of ulated annealing, Tabu search, neural network based optimization, fuzzy optimization koo search, bat algorithm, firefly algorithm, flower pollination prithm, Bee algorithm, | optimization, on technique, | | |
| Tex | xt Books | | | |
| 1 | S. S. Rao, Engineering Optimization- Theory and Practice, Wiley; 5th edition/ I 2019. | LatestEdition, | | |
| 2 | X in-She Yang, Nature-Inspired Optimization Algorithms, Academic Press Inc Latest Edition, 2020. | ; 2ndedition/ | | |
| Ref | ference Books | | | |
| 1 | Kajla Basu, Samarjit Kar, Computational Optimization and Applications, Naro House, Latest Edition, 2012 | osaPublishing | | |
| 2 | Rajesh Kumar Arora, Optimization: Algorithms and Applications, Chapman and edition/ Latest Edition, 2015. | Hall/CRC; 1st | | |
| 3 | Deb K., Optimisation for Engineering Design-Algorithms and Example, Prentic IndiaLearning Private Limited; Second edition/ Latest Edition, 2012. | e Hall | | |